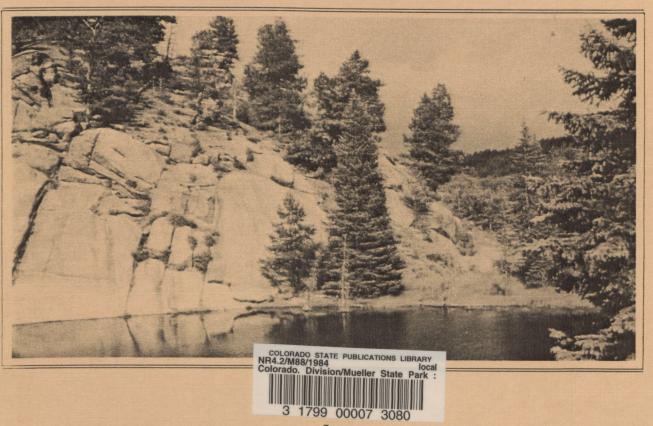


## **Development Plan**



## **MUELLER STATE PARK**





Colorado Division of Parks and Outdoor Recreation 1313 Sherman, #618, Denver, CO 80222 (303) 866-3437



## MUELLER STATE PARK

## **Division of Parks & Outdoor Recreation**

1313 Sherman Street, Rm. 618 Denver, Colorado 80203 Phone (303) 866-3437

> Richard D. Lamm, Governor David H. Getches Executive Director Ron C. Holliday Director

Colorado Board of Parks and Outdoor Recreation

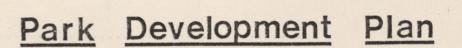
Phil Eggleston, Chairman

Hubert A. Farbes, Jr., Vice Chairman

Richard S. Bartlett, Secretary

Richard G. Beidleman, Member

Teresa J. Taylor, Member



Approved by DPOR Board on November 16, 1984



## Acknowledgments:

We wish to acknowledge the following contributions to the preparation of this plan:

Harry Downer, DPOR, map revisions, field site location and plotting, and development graphics

Pat Trahey, DPOR, art layout and design Barbara L. Winternitz, Ph.D., Coordinator for the Nature Conservancy, publication titled "The Mueller Ranch, a Unique Mountain Park" Gail Barry, Author, publication titled "Designing for Recreation in the Natural Environment"

Peggy Ard, DPOR, final editing.

This plan represents a first for the Division by shifting the lead for the initial planning process to the regional level.

Kent Wiley South Region Manager Mike French Assistant South Region Manager

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# introduction

## INTRODUCTION

The Mueller property is situated astride the vast west flank of Pikes Peak. The entire property consists of just over 12,000 acres located in the center of Teller County, Colorado, one mile south of Divide, 21 miles west of Colorado Springs, and 4.5 miles north of Cripple Creek as shown in Figure 1, page 2. The Mueller property is a high montane area of coniferous and aspen forests, rolling open meadows, and precipitous granite outcrops.

It was recognized as one of the most important pieces of undeveloped mountain land in the State of Colorado by both the public and private sector.

One only needs to fly over the area directly west of Colorado Springs to recognize both the intrinsic and extrinsic values of this acquisition. The property lies in Planning Region IV of the State which is experiencing a rapid increase in population growth along with already deteriorating wildlife habitat resources and deficits in recreational opportunities.

In 1977, Mr. W. E. Mueller decided to sell his 12,000 acre ranch. His preference was to have it utilized as a public wildlife and park area rather than to be subdivided as most of the land around the ranch either had been or was in the process of being subdivided. Mr. Mueller subsequently contacted the Department of Natural Resources and the Nature Conservancy to make his wishes known.

The Department and Conservancy quickly recognized the merits and value of Mr. Mueller's proposal. They immediately began negotiations with the Mueller family for the purchase of the ranch.

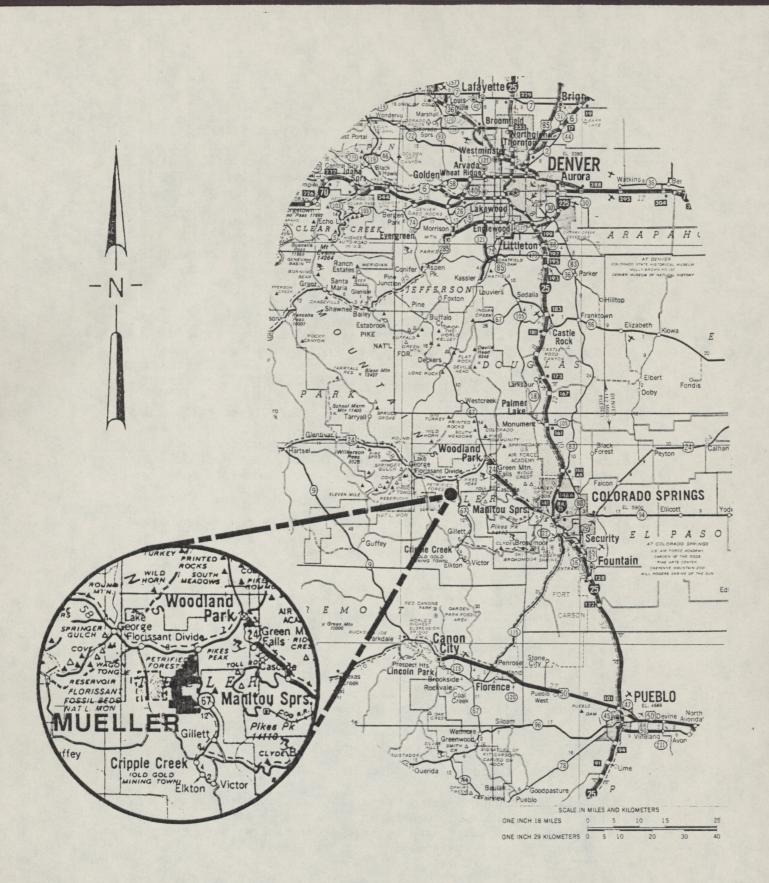
What followed was one of the most unique cooperative efforts between the public and private sector that has ever occurred in the State of Colorado. The acquisition program involved donations from the following:

- 1. Private individuals.
- 2. Private foundations.
- 3. The Mueller Family.

and utilized funding from the following sources:

- 1. Parks' cash.
- 2. Wildlife cash.
- 3. The Land and Water Conservation Trust Fund.

Public and political support was overwhelming and involved foundation members, private individuals, members of the academic community, members of wildlife and environmental groups, local legislators, Nature Conservancy members, and staff of the Department of Natural Resources.



# **Regional Map**

# purpose

## PURPOSE OF THE PARK

According to the Colorado Revised Statutes 33-1-102(39), a "state park" is defined as "a relatively spacious fee-title area having outstanding scenic and natural qualities and often containing significant archaeological, ecological, geological, and other scientific values so as to make imperative the preservation of the area by the Division of Parks and Outdoor Recreation for the enjoyment, education, and inspiration of residents and visitors."

The legislation gives authority for the general management plan which provides for public use of the Mueller property. The vast support that was generated for the acquisition of the property had the following clear purposes in mind for the property:

- Preservation of wildlife habitat for all species of wildlife and most specifically preservation of an important lambing area for the Pikes Peak herd of Rocky Mountain bighorn sheep.
- 2. Preservation of important geological formations, most specifically the Dome Rock area.
- 3. Preservation of important biotic communities, many involving rare or endangered species of botanical life.
- 4. Enhancing recreational opportunities for a large segment of the front range population and most specifically in the areas of passive recreational opportunities.
- Providing an outdoor educational resource to be utilized by not only the academic community but the general public as well.
- 6. Providing and enhancing active recreational opportunities for the public when they are not in conflict with the preservation of the natural resource.

Preservation and public enjoyment are indeed goals that support the purposes for the acquisition and are made emphatically clear in the following three statements which are matters of public record: the Nature Conservancy fund-raising literature, the deed restrictions on the property, and Governor Richard Lamm's speech made at the time he accepted the property on behalf of the people of the State of Colorado.

The Nature Conservancy pamphlet describes the property as having three primary and distinct sections and states that the southern section would be a "wildlife area," the northern section "a public state park," and the Dome Rock section "would be transferred to the State for Division of Wildlife management" for the purpose of preservation. Strong deed restrictions reflecting a philosophy of land preservation will ensure perpetual protection of the property.

The deed restrictions state, "The intent and purpose of the parties hereto in the conveyance of the property is to provide for and insure the preservation and enhancement of the natural character of the ecosystems and natural features of the property. Specifically, it is intended that all rare, endangered, threatened, or unique flora, fauna, ecosystems, or natural features be preserved, and every consideration will be given to the protection and enhancement of all such elements of the natural environment of the property."

Governor Lamm delineated the State's twofold intention for the land: "The first lies in the protection of wildlife habitat. Teller County is one of the fastest growing areas of the State . . That kind of growth will put enormous pressure on the area's wildlife . . . in acquiring the southern portion . . . the State, through the Division of Wildlife, is preserving the habitat for one of the larger herds of bighorn sheep in the State. In addition, we are assuring ourselves that the elk, deer, bear, bobcat, golden eagles, and many other species of wildlife that live on the property will continue to be able to do so."

The second intention stated by Governor Lamm is to develop the northern portion of the Mueller property into "the second largest state park in southern Colorado." His statement concluded, "We are announcing preservation of one of the most unusual and unique pieces of property in the State, an acquisition that will benefit both sportsmen and recreationalists throughout the State."

Given these clear statements of intent, the purpose of management of the Mueller property must contain the following guidelines:

- 1. Management should be both for protection of the wildlife and for enjoyment of the area by people.
- The three portions of the property should be managed differently in response to their different purposes--the southern section as a wildlife area, the northern section as a park, and the Dome Rock section as a natural area.

 Prudent management of all sections should provide for their continuing ability to fulfill their purposes without degradation.

## GENERAL MANAGEMENT GOAL

The analysis of the purpose of the acquisition, the intent of its use, and the guidelines for the purpose of management emphatically imply that the overall management goal for the property must be as follows:

THE PROTECTION AND PRESERVATION OF THE NATURAL RESOURCES ARE A HIGHER PRIORITY THAN ACCOMMODATING OVERUSE BY THE PUBLIC.

# general development plan

## GENERAL CALLSON AND MAN MASSING Plan

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# part I data base

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## GENERAL DEVELOPMENT PLAN (master plan)

The general development plan is comprised of five major parts. Each part supports or complements the overall management goal:

- Part I Summarizes the criteria, data, and general information to be utilized in the formation of parts II, III, and IV and subsequently the overall final development plan.
- Part II Applies the criteria, data, and general information in Part I to develop management objectives, developmental concepts, and future management goals.
- Part III Responds to the objectives, concepts, and goals outlined in Part II and further identifies the recreation products (activities) that are to be permitted on the property, establishes the level and type of development, and estimates the cost of the development and subsequent future costs of general operation.
- Part IV Contains the final conceptual master plan map folio and graphically illustrates the final scope and location of the proposed development.

Part V - The appendix.

## DATA BASE

## Part I provide the second second

## General Development Criteria

These criteria are broad based in nature and will often overlap other criteria; however, they directly or indirectly affect all decisions concerning the development of the Mueller property:

- 1. Purposes for the acquisition which are matters of public record.
- Legislative mandates that guide the Colorado Division of Parks and Outdoor Recreation in their role as stewards of certain unique public lands while still providing for use and enjoyment by not only today's public but by future generations as well.
- 3. Types of recreational activities that are compatible with the natural resource if managed appropriately.
- 4. Sites for development that were identified as having minimal to no negative impact on the natural resource as verified by, "Designing for Recreation in the Natural Environment," Gail Barry, May 25, 1979, and "The Mueller Ranch a Unique Mountain Park," prepared for the Nature Conservancy by Barbara L. Winternitz, Ph.D., Coordinator, February, 1981.
- 5. Providing for those recreational activities that were identified in the 1976 and 1981 State Comprehensive Outdoor Recreation Plan (SCORP) as being deficit in Planning Region IV (where the Mueller property is located) and which would not have a negative impact on the environment.

- 6. Minimizing the impact on surrounding private land owners due to intrusion on their property caused by the public utilizing the Park.
- 7. Minimizing funds that will be needed to implement programs that will insure the following:
  - 1. Public safety of the visitor.
  - 2. Resource protection and visitor control.
  - 3. Maintenance operations can be carried on efficiently and cost effectively.
- 8. Permitting phased development programs along with controlling the numbers of the public utilizing the area while impacts on the natural resources are monitored.
- Utilization of other public agencies to assist in the site and overall development area selection process. To date, these have been as follows:
  - 1. Colorado Division of Wildlife.
  - 2. Colorado State Forest Service.
  - 3. U. S. Soil Conservation Service (Teller/Park District)
  - 4. Colorado State Patrol.
  - 5. Colorado Highway Department.
  - 6. Teller County Health Department.
  - 7. Teller County Planning, Zoning, and Building Department.
  - 8. Woodland Park Police Department.
- 10. The public's wishes for the utilization of the property as indicated by the following:
  - A. General comments received from the public at presentations made at the following locations:
    - 1. Woodland Park, January 6, 1984, 12 in attendance (public agency meeting).

- 2. Littleton, May 30, 1984, 25 in attendance (Parks Board meeting).
- 3. Woodland Park, April 4, 1984, 108 in attendance (general public).
- Colorado Springs, June 5, 1984, ten in attendance (Natural Conservancy Resource team members and Gail Barry).
- 5. Denver, August 21, 1984, 14 in attendance (United Sportsmen Council Board).
- 6. Colorado Springs, September 10, 1984, 18 in attendance (Colorado Wildlife Federation).
- 7. Colorado Springs, October 29, 1984, 12 in attendance (adjacent land owners).

- B. General comments received as a result of tours given to the following groups:
  - State Parks Board, conservation/sportsmen groups, and Division personnel, September 17, 1983.
  - 2. Colorado Division of Wildlife, November 19, 1983.
  - American Association of University Women, Colorado Springs, July 24, 1984.
  - 4. Pikes Peak Retriever Club, July 27, 1984.
  - 5. Colorado Springs area legislators, August 28, 1984.
  - 6. Colorado Springs area legislators, August 30, 1984.
  - 7. Nature Conservancy members, September 15, 1984.
  - 8. Nature Conservancy members, September 16, 1984.
- C. Over 280 written responses were received as a result of the above meetings, tours, and newspaper coverage by Karl Licis in the Gazette Telegraph, Colorado Springs, Colorado; Pat Faherty in the Ute Pass Courier, Woodland Park, Colorado; and Diana Wiggam in the Cripple Creek Gold Rush, Cripple Creek, Colorado.

## Management Criteria

The management criteria evaluations are an integral part of the site selection process and directly affect the ability of the park operation to respond positively to <u>public safety of the visitor</u>, <u>protection of the</u> <u>natural resources and control of the visitor's use of that resource</u>, and <u>performance of maintenance in an efficient and cost effective manner</u>. The site evaluation records for these criteria are found in the appendix, pages 33 - 53 and the specific criteria evaluated are as follows:

- 1. Public Safety
- A. Location of facilities:
  - 1. Natural hazards (maximum distance from).
  - 2. Communications network (near).
  - 3. Hazardous activities (separated from).
  - 4. Visibility (easily visible from management control points).
  - B. Adequate ingress/egress points (emergency exits possible).
  - C. Information systems (Critical information systems can be placed to maximize visitor awareness of hazards).
    - D. Types of facilities (Facility types can be developed that provide for health and sanitary conditions and have minimal manmade hazards).
  - E. Management and personnel quarters (adequate number of quarters for 24-hour response to emergencies).

2. Resource Protection and Visitor Control

- A. Location of facilities:
  - 1. Day use and camping can be separated.
  - 2. Facilities and activity areas avoid delicate resource areas.
  - Facilities and activities are easily visible from road networks.
- B. Number of entrances (minimal).
- C. Traffic circulation.
  - 1. Minimizes distances from management control points.
  - 2. Avoids traffic congestion potential and minimizes offroad indiscretionary use.
  - D. Information systems (can be placed to maximize information available to the visitor).
- E. Management and personnel quarters (adequate number to provide for 24-hour observation of visitors and resources).

## 3. Maintenance Operations

- A. General location of facilities (provides for easy access for day-to-day maintenance).
- B. Types of facilities (low cost short- and long-term maintenance costs per design and type of materials used).

- C. Site modification (minimizes ongoing maintenance caused by natural deterioration and erosion).
- D. Location vs. maintenance center (minimum distance from maintenance center).
- E. General park circulation (minimizes distances that must be traveled to perform daily and routine maintenance operations).

## Ecological Data

The Mueller property is unique in that a vast amount of ecological data has already been collected and published.

The first study was conducted by Gail Barry and published on May 25, 1979, titled "Designing for Recreation in the Natural Environment: the Mueller Ranch as a Case Study in the Conflict Between Perpetuation and Use." The Barry study was immensely helpful in formulating the final development plan and will prove useful for years to come in guiding management decisions concerning the property.

The second study was the result of the Nature Conservancy contracting with the academic community to provide an extensive resource inventory of the property. The inventory titled "The Mueller Ranch a Unique Mountain Park" was coordinated by Barbara L. Winternitz, Ph.D., and published in February, 1981. The inventory and resulting publication are comprised of four volumes as follows:

- 1. Management Planning.
- 2. Ecological Inventory.
- 3. Research Appendixes.
- 4. Map Folio.

Dr. Winternitz not only utilized raw data to prepare the publication but used information from the "Barry Study" combined with data from numerous other studies to formulate a most reliable and valid planning document. This document was the primary guide in the preparation of this development plan and will be utilized in any future planning efforts concerning the Mueller property.

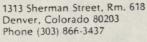
The Nature Conservancy Study not only provides an extensive inventory of both the natural and cultural resources of the property but further provides valid recommendations for development and management of the property, identifies areas sensitive to human impact, and further indicates where the most to least human intrusion should be permitted.

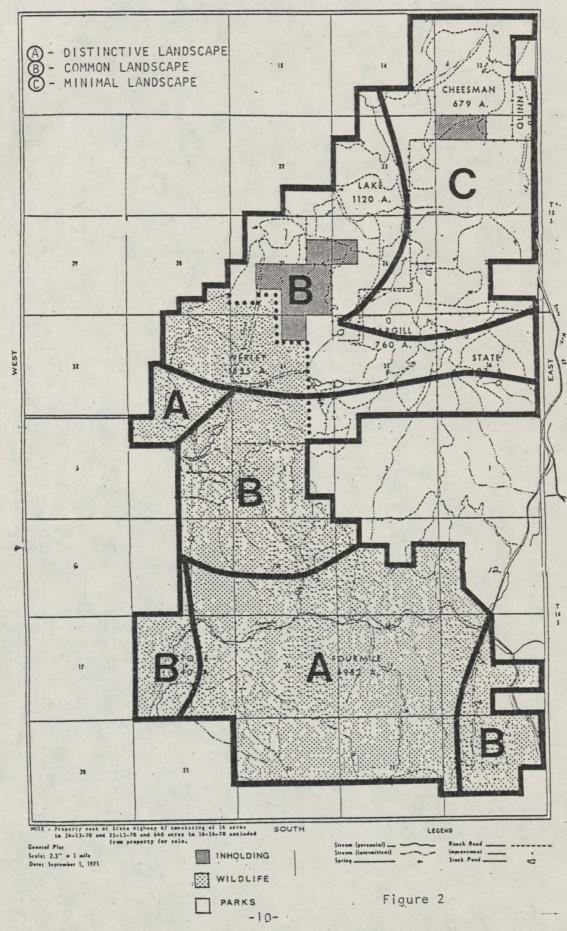
A summary of the recommendations that were utilized in determining both the location and level of the development for the property is best illustrated by the following (Figures 2 through 6 on pages 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, and is as follows:

- Landscape diversity (Figure 2, page 10) categorizes the quality of landscapes found on the property and rates the types from minimal to distinctive.
- Sensitive botanical areas (Figure 3, page 11) identify specific areas where not only interesting botanical species are found but many rare or endangered species are present that are worthy of preserving.
- Prehistoric and historic sites (Figure 4, page 12) identify general locations of known cultural resources including prehistoric, historic, and sites of abandoned mines.
- 4. Human impact (Figure 5, page 13) represents a composite analazation of all resource data collected on the property and identifies areas of the property where human intrusion is considered as a severe detriment to the resource and further identifies where intrusion would have a moderate to minimal impact.
- 5. Management areas (Figure 6, page14) recommend three levels of use for the property: Section I for development and use by the public, Section II for minimal development and use, and Section III as an area that would not be developed and would receive the least use.

LANDSCAPE DIVERSITY









1313 Sherman Street, Rm. 618 Denver, Colorado 80203 Phone (303) 866-3437

## SENSITIVE BOTANICAL AREAS

#### SENSITIVE BOTANICAL AREAS

- A. <u>Botrychium simplex habitat: Botrychium simplex</u>, or the Rattlesnake Fern, is considered a rare species in Colorado, principally because of its fragile habitat. One population is known to exist on the Mueller Ranch. This is located just east of Rockwall Lake in a marshy area among <u>Carex auquatilis</u>. This area also includes <u>Coelo-glossum viride and Carex aurea</u>. Species of botanical interest. <u>Location</u>: NE 1/4, SE 1/4, Sec. 34, R70M, T135, Elev. 8960'.
- 8. <u>Asplenium septentrionale</u> and <u>A. trichomanes</u> habitat: These rare ferm species are known to exist in only one location on hueller Ranch, among boulders at the top of Sheeo's Nose Mountain. Popu-lations here are small and very vulnerable, as these species are difficult to establish and are presently very minimal. Also of interest at this location is a fungal species, <u>Amanita</u> sp., which is unusual in such areas. <u>Location</u>: Center, Sec. 11, RTOM, TI4S, Elev. 9400-9577'.
- Dryopteris filix-mas habitat: This ferm species has been found at several locations on Mueller Ranch. It is a large hardy ferm, found growing on outcrops and is considered a rare plant in Colo-C.
- rado. Location: NW 1/4, SW 1/4, Sec. 16, R70W, T145, Elev. 8400'; NW 1/4, SE 1/4, Sec. 16, R70W, T135, Elev. 9000'; SE 1/4, SW 1/4, Sec. 34, R70W, T135, Elev. 9100'.
- Motholaema fendleri habitat: This rare ferm species is known to exist only in one location on Mueller Ranch, on the west face of the mountain morth of the south gate entrance access road. The species is easily disturbed and difficult to establish; thus it is particularly vulnerable. Location: SE 1/4, SW 1/4, Sec. 12, R70W, T145, Elev. 9100-9400\*.
- Junigerus monosperma habitat: One lone tree has been discovered at Hueller Sanch, at an elevation of 8300°, which is rare for the One-Seeded Juniper. This tree is commonly seen in the foothills between 4000 and 7600°. The occurrence of the One-Seeded Juniper at high elevations could prove to be a very interesting ecological study. Location: NE 1/4, NE 1/4, Sec. 16, R70W, T145, Elev. 8300\*
- Pinus edulis habitat: The Pinyon Pine, a common partner of the One-Seeded Juniper, has been found at several locations on the Mueller Ranch, at elevations between 3500' and 9500'. This also a rare with the above, of the altitudinal limits of these statistics along Locations: NM 1/4, SE 1/4, Sec 15, R70W, T145, Elev. 920'', 9321'; NE 1/4, SB 1/4, SB 1/4, SE Lev. 9400'-9500'; N 1/2, Center, Sec. 14, R70W, T145, Elev. 8640'.
- Calypso bulbos habits: This jane is listed as endangered (M.A. Webers, Rocky Mountain Flora), but, in fact, is puits abundant throughout the Rocky Mountain Region. It is a promed vulnerable due to its unique beauty, this being defined as promed vulnerable due to its unique beauty, this being defined as promed vulnerable population se put under special protection at Hueller Ranch. Four monor populations are listed. Locations: North-Facing slope south of Four Mile Creek: Mid 1/3, M7/2, SEC. 18, R70M, H135, Elev. Sdou-S0007: Engelmann Soruce-M7/2, SEC. 18, R70M, H135, Elev. Sdou-S0007: Engelmann Soruce-Stev. Sdou-S000; Morth-facing slope: SM 1/4, NE 1/4, Sec. 13, R70M, H135, Elev. 8800; TH45, Elev. 8900. G.

- H. Lomatogonium rotatum habitat: The Marsh Felwort is a rare plant in Colorado. Its habitat is the loamy soil of an intermittent stream anticident into Millar Control Location: NE 1/4, SW 1/4, Sec. 13, R70W, T13S, Elev. 8900'.
- I. Lupinus caudatus habitat: Only one population of Lupinus caudatus, of the Tailcup Lupine, is known to exist on the Mueller Ranch. Being near a road, it is especially vulnerable to destruction; thus, we recommend it for special protection. Location: NW 1/4, NM 1/4, Sec. 25, R70M, T135, Elev. 9400'.
- Pediocactus simpsonii habitat: The Mountain Ball Cactus is known to exist in only one area on Mueller Ranch, in the Dome Rock area. This is considered a rare plant in Colorado and should be protected. Location: SE 1/4, MM 1/4, Sec. 16, R704, T145, Elev. 8360'. J.
- Petasites sagittata habitat: Petasites sagittata, or Sweet Colts-foot, grows in an acid swamp located along Nay Greek. This area includes several other species of botanical interest, including <u>Grunocallis chamissoi</u> and <u>Limmorthis Nperboras</u>. We consider this habitat to be wilnerable due to its fragility, and thus recommend that its be protected. Location: NM 1/4, Sec. 34, R70M, TIJS, Elev. 8980'. κ.
- Pinus ponderosa stand: A stand of nearly thirty undisturbed trees has been protected from loggers by vertical inclines and boulder cliffs. This represents the only old, large stand on the Ranch and deserves protection. (See chart for specific information.) Location: W 1/2, SW 1/4, Sec. 12, RTOW, T145, Elev. 9350-9400'.
- Populus tremuloides grove: A stand of close to 50 trees has been nearly undisturbed in this canyon-meadow area. This stand appears to be a climax forest of Aspen and should remain protected to some degree. (See chart for description.) Location: N 1/2, SW 1/4, Sec. 35, R70M, T135, Elev. 9080-9140'.
- Sohagnum bog: This habitat type is relatively rare in Colorado and is the habitat of numerous rare and infrequent species of botanical interest. One such bog is known to exist on Mueller Ranch. The habitat includes two known orchid species, Corallorhiza trifida and Lysfella obtusata, as well as Chamaepericipmenum canadense (also known as Cornus canadensis), Carez aurea, and Viola epipsela ssp. repens. ssp. repens. Location: NW 1/4, NE 1/4, Sec. 23, R70W, T135, Elev. 9352'
- Dome Rock Area: We support the continued protection of the Dome Rock area, recognizing it as the lambing ground of the Rocky Moun-tain Sightmen, and the home of several rare and vulnerable plant species, including Dryopteris filtrames, Juniperus monosperma, Pedioactus simpsonit, and Clematis scotti. Location: Sec. 16, RZOM, TI45. 0.

General Plat

Scole: 2.5" = 1 mile

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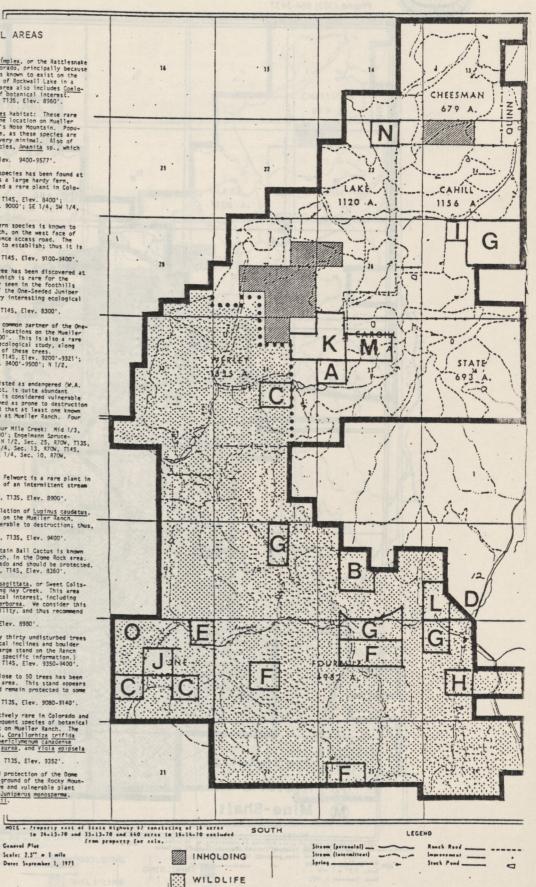


Figure 3

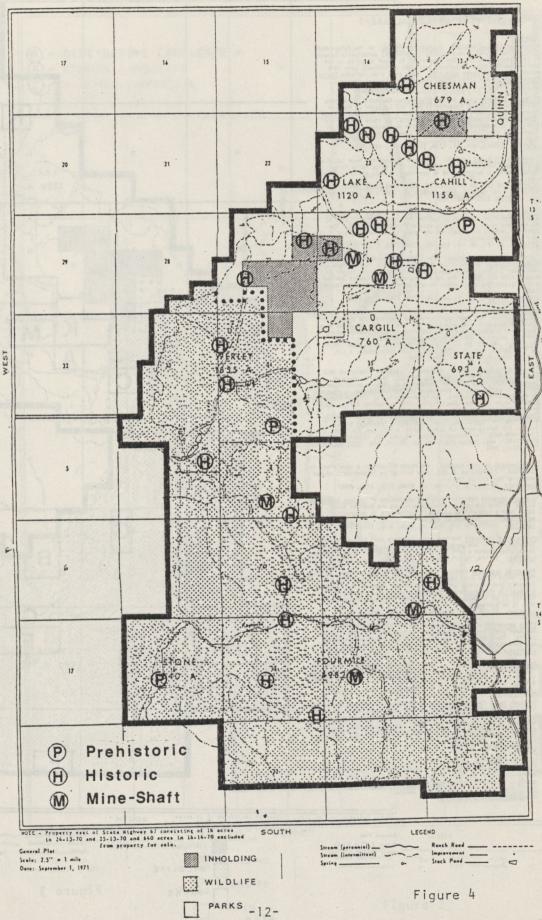
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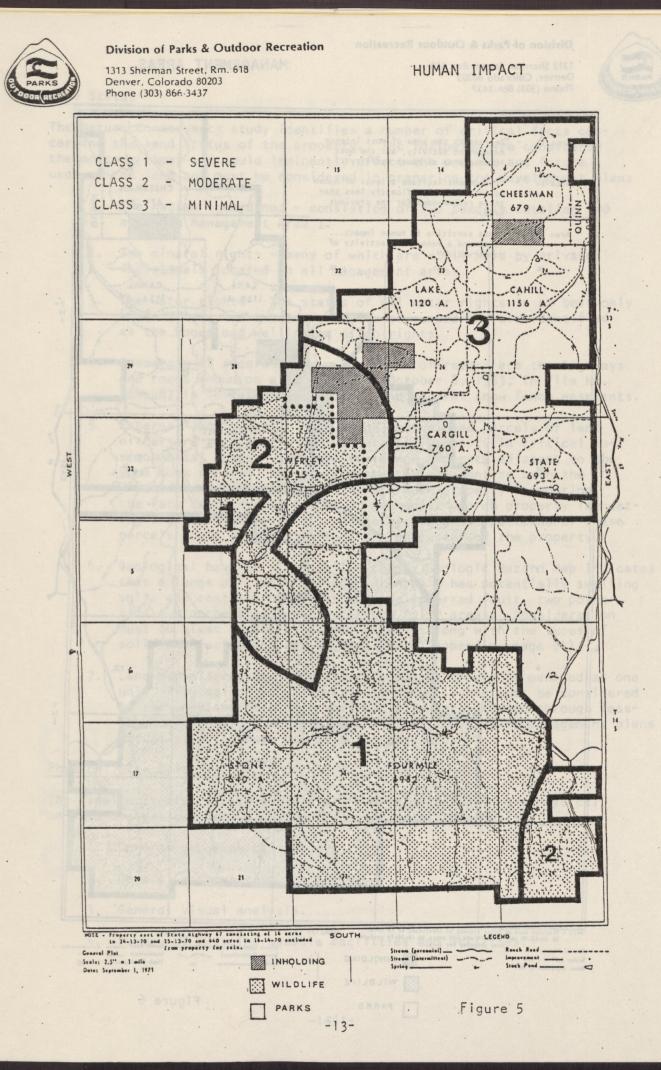
PARKS



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## PREHISTORIC AND HISTORIC SITES

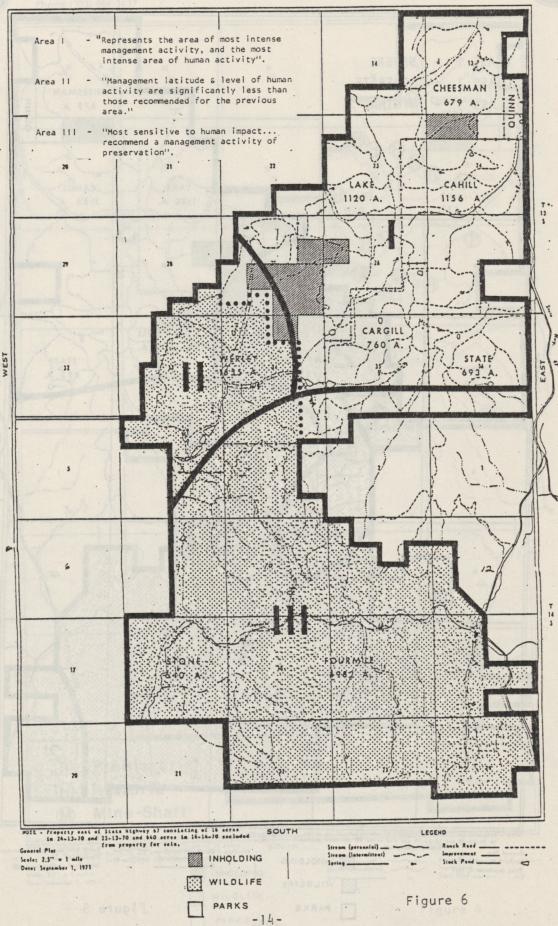






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## MANAGEMENT AREAS



## Land Status

The Nature Conservancy study identifies a number of critical facts concerning the land status of the property. The following are considered the most critical and could imminently affect the present and future uses of the land and must be considered in preparing the development plan:

- 1. The Hattan inholdings consisting of two parcels totaling 400 acres in Management Area I.
- 2. The mineral rights many of which are still held by private individuals located in all management areas.
- The water rights The status of all water rights is at best only speculative, but two are a matter of record and are identified as the Hogue and Wellington ditch rights.
- 4. Easements of record Known easements of record are the highways and roads shown on a map filed on October 8, 1953, in file No. 164-287 in Teller County records and several snow fence easements.
- 5. External land status Four large undeveloped parcels of land either are adjacent to or inundate the property in critical environmental areas. They are the Stone property adjacent to the Dome Rock section, the Myrick property adjacent to both the Wildlife and Park sections, the Starbuck property inundating the Park section, and the First Methodist Church property inundating the Park section. Any changes in land-use patterns of these parcels could adversely affect the character of the property.
- 6. Geological hazards The Teller County Geologic Hazard Map indicates that a large portion of Management Area I has potentially swelling soils and contains one fault and one inferred fault, two potential avalanche areas, and two "rock fall" areas. Consideration must be given to these natural hazards along with the types of soils when selecting development sites (Appendix, page 54)
- 7. Land administration The entire property should be managed as one unit. The method by which this is accomplished must be considered in the development plan. This could be accomplished through leasing one agency's interests to the other, developing management plans mutually, or through operating agreements.

## Physical Site Criteria

The final criteria used to formulate the development plan are physical on-site evaluations including the following major components:

- 1. General geographical survey.
- 2. General natural resource survey.
- 3. General visual analysis.
- 4. Survey of existing useable facilities and utilities.

## 5. Evaluation of impacts on external publics.

The following Physical Site Evaluation Record form (Figure 7, below) was developed to numerically evaluate potential development areas. If a selected site scored less than 50 points, then further evaluation was required before it could be considerd in the final development plan. The completed physical site evaluation records that were used to select the final development sites are included in the appendix, pages 55-61.

ITE:	SITE EVALUATION RECORD	
	(date)	3
	Location	EXCELLENT (4) 6000 (3) 41R (2) 00R (1) MOTE
	Evaluator(s)	EXCELLEN GOOD (3) FAIR (2) POOR (1)
	CONSIDERATIONS	EXCELLE GOOD (3) FAIR (2) POOR (1) NOTED
1.	EXISTING USABLE STRUCTURES	
2.	EXISTING USABLE FACILITIES (other than listed below)	and the state
3.	NEW ROAD CONSTRUCTION OR IMPROVEMENT (minimal)	and terringer
4.	GROUND SURFACE STABILITY	and Redd seeding
5.	ACCESS TO EXISTING ROAD NETWORK	
6.	VEGETATION (minimal construction impact)	
7.	SLOPE (grade) SITE (minimal)	ercel loduld a
8.	SLOPE (grade) ENTRANCE ROAD (minimal)	
9.	ACCESS (easily reached)	
10.	SHALLOW GROUND WATER (maximum distance from)	100 60 alio
11.	PROBABLE UNDEVELOPED POTABLE WELL WATER	Lange Lange La
12.	PROXIMITY TO EXISTING POTABLE WELL WATER	
13.	PROXIMITY TO EXISTING ELECTRICAL SERVICE LINES	
14,	PROXIMITY TO EXISTING TELEPHONE SERVICE LINES	
15.	PERCOLATION (test results)	
16.	SITE DRAINAGE	
17.	SHADE	11 10 11 16. 11
18.	ADDITIONAL LAND ACQUISITIONS NEEDED (minimal)	
19.	SITE SIZE (adequate)	
20.	VISIBILITY (easily found, seen)	
21.	DISTURBANCE TO ADJACENT LANDOWNERS (minimal)	
22.	AESTHETICS (view, etc.)	
	ECOLOGICAL DISTURBANCE, (minimal)	
NOTE:	Enter evaluation number in appropriate box TOTALS N = Not Evaluated N/A = Not Applicable	GRAND TOTAL

REMARKS: NONE

Figure 7

The first of the development press contains general and general goals each reliened by specific development concepts that support and enhance the accordingenes of the post. The goals are based on the pretwine metagertent subdifiers, overall mengement goal, and resulting criteria and data. With supprised in this fort are confile management tasks that if accomplished will besuch potential regarize impacts on bort the developed and undeveloped and resultings.

Notural Company

scalabele in protect and until the natural deseurces of the Pork shile still accepted ting partic use and enjoyment.

Davo I openent ( Demonstration

. Libit will development in the Park to Management Area & (Figure 6, page 5)

Should be the five percent of the total hand base leaving dit of the property of its natural state.

Linit divergement to these areas having withins landscape values drasers up chase containing moderate and distinctive landbcape quarters.

part II management goals development concepts Part II of the development plan contains general management goals each followed by specific development concepts that support and enhance the accomplishment of the goal. The goals are based on the preceding management guidelines, overall management goal, and resulting criteria and data. Also contained in this Part are specific management tasks that if accomplished will reduce potential negative impacts on both the developed and undeveloped resources.

## Natural Resources:

Goal - to protect and enhance the natural resources of the Park while still accommodating public use and enjoyment.

Development Concepts:

- Limit all development in the Park to Management Area I (Figure 6, page 14).
- 2. Develop less than five percent of the total land base leaving 95% of the property in its natural state.
- Limit development to those areas having minimal landscape values preserving areas containing moderate and distinctive landscape qualities.
- 4. Avoid development in areas containing important botanical communities and wildlife habitats.
- 5. Develop and allow motor vehicle use on only five miles of the existing 75-mile road network.
- 6. Select development sites that will minimize interference with the natural and normal activities of any species of wildlife.
- 7. Construct facilities that will enhance opportunities for the public to learn about the proper use of natural resources such as a visitor center, outdoor education center, and campground amphitheater where regular programs can be conducted teaching conservation and preservation ethics.
- 8. Select sites for development offering outstanding views of the natural resources of the area which will enhance the public's appreciation for them and subsequently increase their desire to preserve and protect the natural resources.
- Develop a marked hiking and equestrian trail system so the public can enjoy the environment without having a negative impact on the natural resources.
- Select specific sites for recreational activities that will permit constant monitoring so as to decrease any negative impacts on the environment.

- 11. Develop housing units for personnel so that resource use can be monitored 24 hours per day.
- 12. Construct only one entrance to the Park so that a carrying capacity can be implemented at a level short of resource degradation.
- 13. Design the entire development utilizing a linear concept so that any portion can be closed if seasonal conflicts between wildlife and the park visitors are evident.
  - 14. Identify an area for motorized winter activities that can easily be monitored and closed in times where conflicts exist between the wildlife and its use.
  - 15. Select development sites that will not create future erosion problems and consequently enlarge the disturbed site.

Cultural Resources:

Goal - to protect and preserve all known cultural resources at a level consistent with their current condition when said cultural resource is worthy of protection under the guidelines of the State Antiquities Act of 1973 and the State Register of Historic Places Act of 1975.

Development Concepts:

1. Eliminate any proposed development site that will destroy or have a negative impact on a cultural resource site.

- Construct trails that avoid important cultural resource sites so as to minimize the visitor's temptation to remove components of the resource.
- Include appropriate cultural resource sites in the development site plan which are worthy and capable of being stabilized or reconstructed to be utilized by the public in living history programs or in conjunction with other supervised recreational activities.
  - Avoid development sites which are near old mines until the proper safety mechanisms can be implemented to protect the public from harm.

Land Status: \_\_\_\_\_

Goal - to limit the development of the property to areas which will insure that the investment in facilities will not be lost by future changes in land use and such that negative impacts to adjacent land owners might make continuing use infeasible. Development Concepts:

- 1. Select development sites that avoid private inholdings, mining claims of undetermined status, and easements of record.
- 2. Avoid any development that is dependent upon the undetermined status of water resources found on the property.
- 3. Select development sites that include natural buffer zones between the site and developed property adjacent to the Park.
- 4. Select development sites that will be enhanced by trail systems developed throughout the entire property should an agreement be consummated with the Division of Wildlife for management of the entire area.

Recreational Products (activities):

Goal - to develop facilities which will promote certain recreation products that are desired by the public while preserving the natural character of the property.

Development Concept:

- Construct and develop a livery facility to provide the public with a way of enjoying the natural resources without being dependent upon motorized transportation.
- 2. Construct a trail network including trail heads to provide easy to difficult hiking experiences for all members of the public.
- 3. Provide a developed campground for those who enjoy recreational camping as both an independent and dependent activity.
- Develop day-use areas which include both single family and group picnic sites.
- 5. Develop sites for backcountry camping for the novice backpacker in areas that are easily monitored.
- Construct facilities that can be utilized for interpretation of environmental relationships, nature studies, and formal outdoor education classes.
- 7. Develop the existing aquatic resources to enhance their angling potential especially for the young park visitor.
- 8. Develop an area with parking and sanitation that could be used on a seasonal basis for motorized winter recreation.
- 9. Construct trail heads and mark trails that are specifically attractive to ski touring enthusiasts.
- 10. Construct formal scenic overlook structures in conjunction with the trail system to enhance sightseeing opportunities.

## Management Tasks:

- 1. Acquire the 400 acre Hattan inholdings.
- 2. Obtain those mineral rights not already in State ownership.
- 3. Monitor external land use changes including potential sales for development and coordinate with the First Methodist Church Youth Ranch for the benefit of both parties.
- 4. Implement a program of resource monitoring, utilizing both the academic community and other professionals.
- 5. Develop construction drawings and detail specifications that may be utilized to begin the construction of facilities.
- 6. Develop an operations/management plan to identify specific details of the Park's future operation.
- 7. Negotiate with the Division of Wildlife to obtain a 25-year lease for recreational management of the entire property.
- Negotiate with Colorado State Forest Service to formalize an agreement whereby they will provide a timber management plan for the Park and implement it through the commercial sale of wood products.
- 9. Investigate and follow the recommendations of foresters regarding the control of Spruce bud worm in developed areas.

10. Acquire adequate funding and personnel to protect the resources and control public use before opening the Park to the public.

is tectore appropriate cultural resource sitesealespinale lopment

#### 1111 of the Development Plan:

- dentifies specific recreational products matrixities) ember provided for the public's enjoyment (below)
- A description the capital facilities measury to support the proprint representational products (page 22).
- sealdentifies the cost of facility development (page 23)
- 4. Outlines beight allocations necessary to complete a phased fouryear development program (page 24).
- . Identifies aperations: and personnel costs pressary to manager . the recreational accivities (page 25%

#### Reciped Liese Produces

the following costantian inducts if menaged appropriately and both compatible with the resource and decired by the public. They include six that were identified as mended in the region per the id?6 and 1981.5008F data (Appendix, page 65)

# part III master plan concepts

## Part III of the Development Plan:

- 1. Identifies specific recreational products (activities) to be provided for the public's enjoyment (below).
  - 2. Specifies the capital facilities necessary to support the proposed recreational products (page 22).
  - 3. Identifies the cost of facility development (page 23).
  - 4. Outlines budget allocations necessary to complete a phased fouryear development program (page 24).
  - 5. Identifies operational and personnel costs necessary to manage the recreational activities (page 25).

## Recreation Products:

The following recreation products if managed appropriately are both compatible with the resource and desired by the public. They include six that were identified as needed in the region per the 1976 and 1981 SCORP data (Appendix, page 62).

- Picnicking.
   Developed camping.
- Developed camping.
   Undeveloped camping (backcountry).
   Hiking
- 4. Hiking.

- 5. Horseback riding.
- 6. Nature study (interpretation through formal nature walks and campfire programs).
- 7. Hunting (for wildlife management purposes).
- 8. Crosscountry skiing.
- 9. Snowmobiling.
- 10. Outdoor education (formal classes in the natural sciences taught by qualified instructors for both college credit and noncredit).
- 11. Sightseeing (other than general by means of guided tours and the placement of overlooks, the visitor center, and other park facilities).
- 12. Fishing.

Mueller Capital Construction Program

## Facilities and Structures

```
-Entrance station (1)
    -Contact station (campground entrance) (1)
    -Park headquarters/visitor center (1) with 50 vehicle parking area
    -Day-use picnic area (1) with the following:
        76 picnic sites (approx.)
         l group picnic area with pavilion/40 vehicle parking area
         3 water wells
         5 vault toilets
    -Hike-in campground (1) with approx. 25 sites
         1 water well
        l vault toilet
        20 vehicle parking area
    -Horse concession (1) with 40 vehicle parking area
-Snack bar (1) with parking area (same as horse concession, above)
-Dump station (1) (vault type)
    -High-use campground (1) with the following:
       103 campsites (approx.)
6 water wells
5 vault toilets
         3 comfort stations each with the following:
           8 showers M/F
        8 lavatories
          4 urinals
          8 toilets
         1 group camping area (10 units)
3 tent camping areas (20 units)
   -Outdoor education center (1) with the following:
       assembly/dining hall (1)
primitive cabins (5)
         amphitheater (1) approx. 100 seats
         parking area (50 vehicles)
    -Totals:
         vault toilets
                            -12
                          - 3
         flush toilets/showers
                           -12
         water wells
         vehicle parking - 200 vehicles (counting picnic & campsites--375)
    -Paved roads: 5 miles
     -Land acquisitions:
         Hattan inholdings consisting of 400 acres
```

## Mueller Property

## Development Costs

1.	103 site improved campgrounds (includes roads, site development, comfort stations)		1,030,000.00	
2.	76 day-use picnic sites (site development only)		112,500.00	
3.	25 site unimproved campground (includes site development only)		37,500.00	
4.	12 vault toilets		275,000.00	
5.	12 wells		46,800.00	
6.	4 miles of paved road (includes all roads except campgroun	d)	1,700,000.00	
7.	272 parking spaces (includes all except campground)		317,000.00	
8.	Visitor center/park headquarters		225,000.00	
9.	Outdoor Education Center with 5 primitive cabins		425,000.00	
10.	1 Group Picnic Pavilion		75,000.00	
11.	2 Entrance Stations		60,000.00	
12.	Utilities and lower		196,200.00	

TOTAL ESTIMATED DEVELOPMENT COST: \$

4,500,000.00\*\*

\*\* Cost estimates based on 1984 construction costs

## MUELLER BUDGET REQUEST

MUELLER BUDGET	REQUEST				
		01	Dhana 111	Tatal	_
Wapiti Entrance/Day Use Picnic Development: Includes roads, parking, entrance station picnic areas, trails, toilets, utilities (water, sewer), group picnic pavillion	Phase 1 1,100,000		Phase 111 0		
Park HQ/Visitor Center, Concession and <u>Maintenance Area Development:</u> Includes roads, parking, Park head- quarters/visitor center building, overlook, trails, landscaping, utilities (water, sewer, electrical)	120,000	530,000	0	650,000	
Campground & Outdoor Education Center: 103 unit campground, utilities (water & sewer), toilets, outdoor educ. center	0	1,265,000	880,000	2,145,000	
with 5 cabins, amphitheater, trails Sub-total Development Contingency Architectural/Engr. Svcs.	1,220,000 120,000 160,000	1,795,000 175,000 30,000	90,000 30,000	3,895,000 385,000 220,000 4,500,000	
Total	1,500,000		1,000,000		
TOTAL ESTEMATED OEVELOPHEINT (OSTALINE ASSOCIOO.MORELUO- 1) - 1 Ind on nib/ytimeses () - 1 Ind on nb/ytimeses () - 1 Ind on nb/ytimeses ** Cost estimates based on 1984 construction/bos (2) sars prijing					

## Mueller Property

Annual Operating Costs at Full Development

## Operating

Telephone	\$ 1,800.00
Fue1	12,000.00
Vehicle Maintenance & Repair	5,000.00
Ground Maintenance & Repair	4,500.00
Building Maintenance & Repair	4,500.00
Equipment Maintenance & Repair	5,000.00
Trash Removal	3,700.00
Miscellaneous Supplies	1,500.00
Interpretive Supplies	3,000.00
Sign Maintenance	1,000.00
Trail Maintenance	2,000.00
	\$ 44,000.00
ilities	

## Utilities

Heat, Light, and Power	\$ 2	23.	000.00	C
------------------------	------	-----	--------	---

## Personnel

Seasonal Employees (9 man years)	80,000.00
Permanent Employees (5)	147,660.00
	\$ 227,660.00

TOTAL YEARLY COST: \$ 294,660.00

## Part IV

Part it contains the actual conceptual maps outlining the acope of the covelopment

- 1. The Park Decempton Plan (Figure 8, page 27).
- 2. The Recreations: Theirs fian (page 17a)
- . 3. Betail concept of the antience and day-use clould area (Figure 9, name 28).
- 4. Decail environt of station center concession area (Figure 10, page 23)
  - Detail concert of the face loped campground and outdoor education seaster (Figure 14, gaps 30).

derail of the read states throughout the development. [Flaure 12,

# part IV master plan map folio

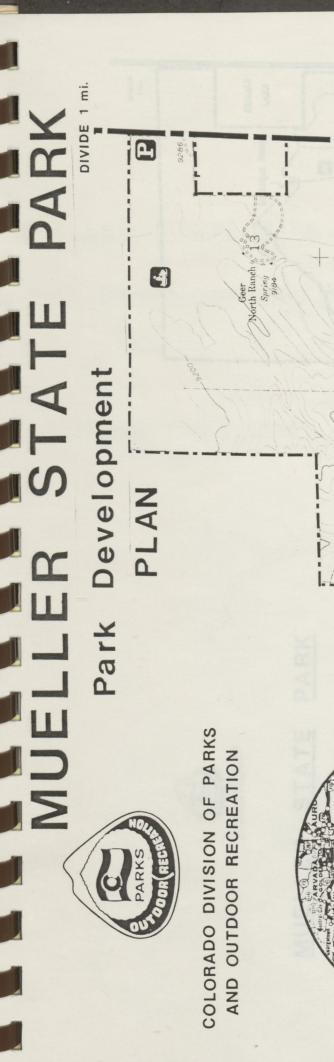
L

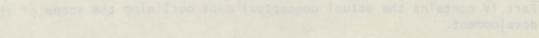
## Part IV

Part IV contains the actual conceptual maps outlining the scope of the development.

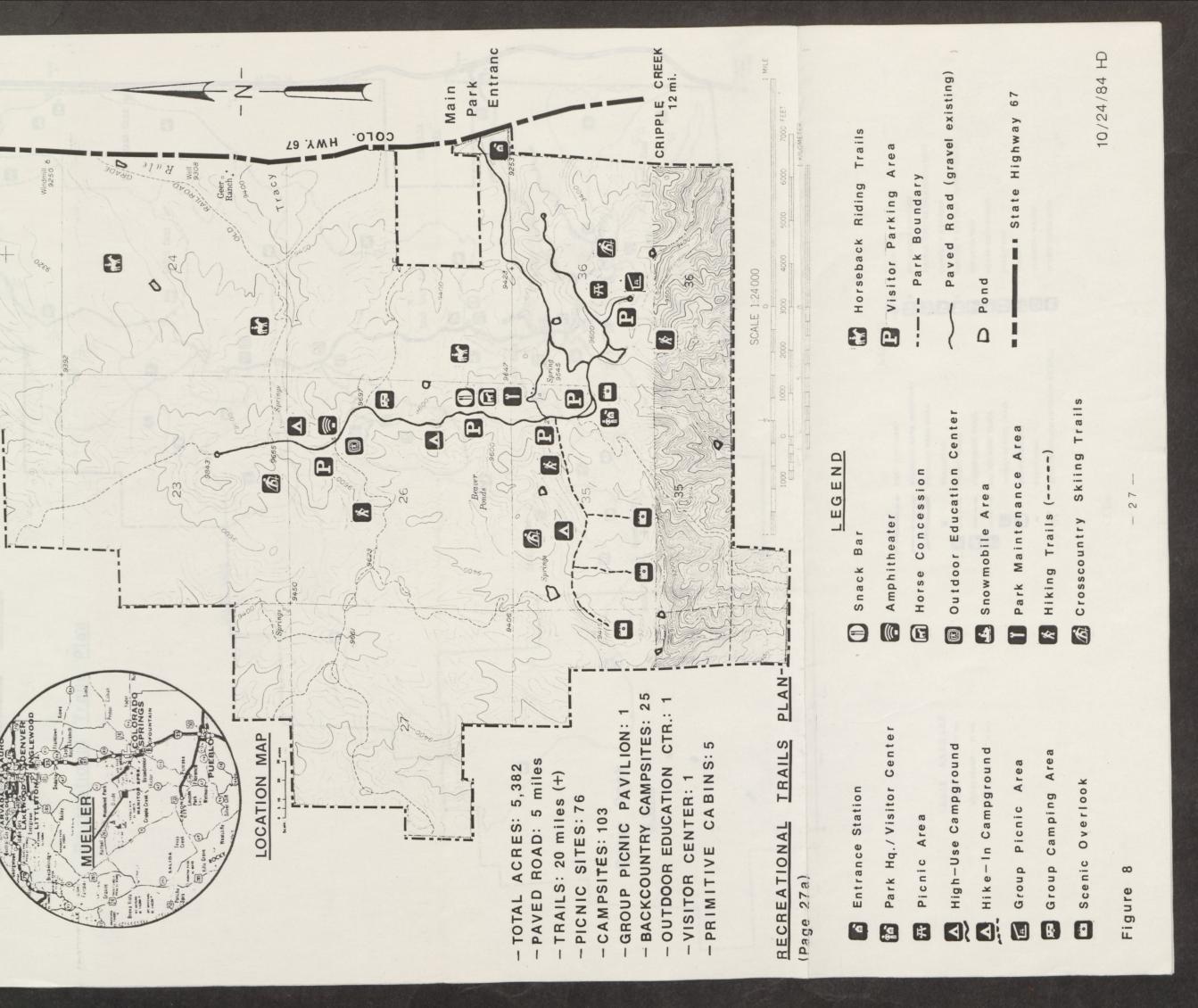
- 1. The Park Development Plan (Figure 8, page 27).
- 2. The Recreational Trails Plan (page 27a)

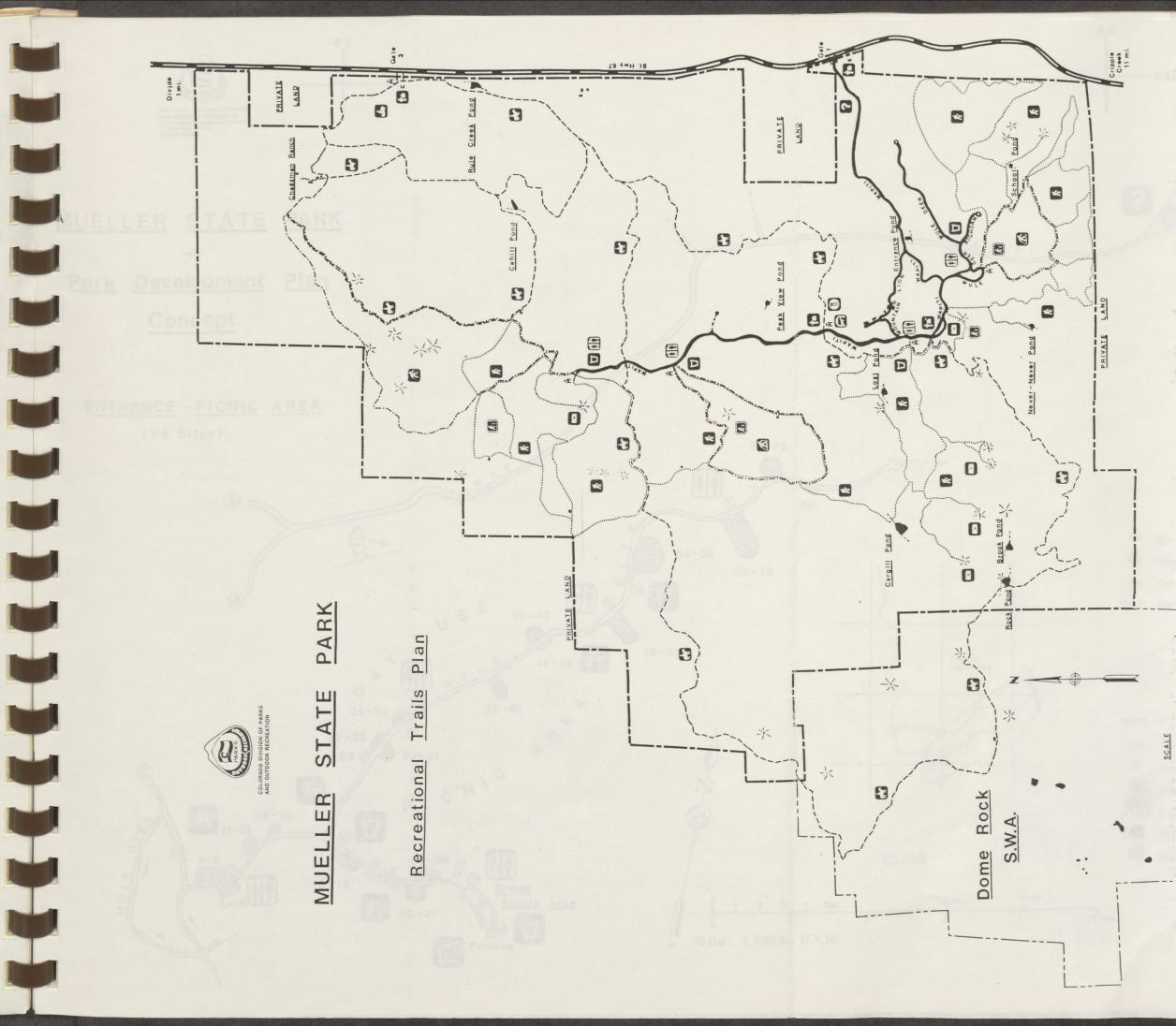
- Detail concept of the entrance and day-use picnic area (Figure 9, page 28).
- 4. Detail concept of visitor center concession area (Figure 10, page 29).
- Detail concept of the developed campground and outdoor education center (Figure 11, page 30).
- Detail of the road system throughout the development (figure 12, page 31).





- . The Park Davelopment Plan (Figura 8, page 27).
  - 2. The Recreational Trails Plan (page 2/a)
- 3. Decall concept of the entrance and day-use picnic area (Figure 9, page 28).
- A. Detail concept of visitor center concession area (Figure 10, bage 29
  - 5. Ostall concept of the doveloped compension and outdoor education center (Figure 11, page 30).
- Detail of the road system throughout the development. (figure 12, ...







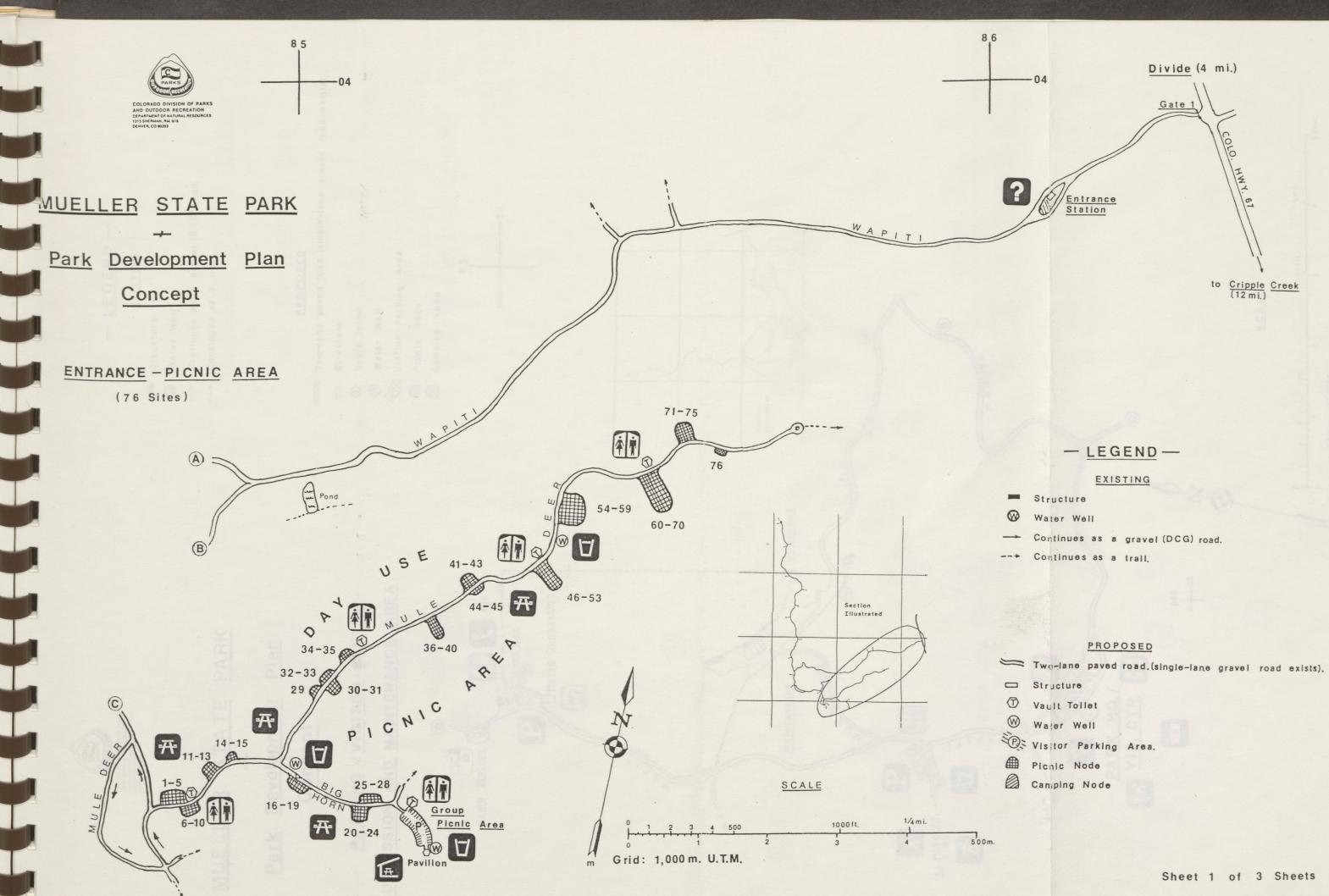
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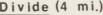




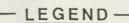
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LEGEND



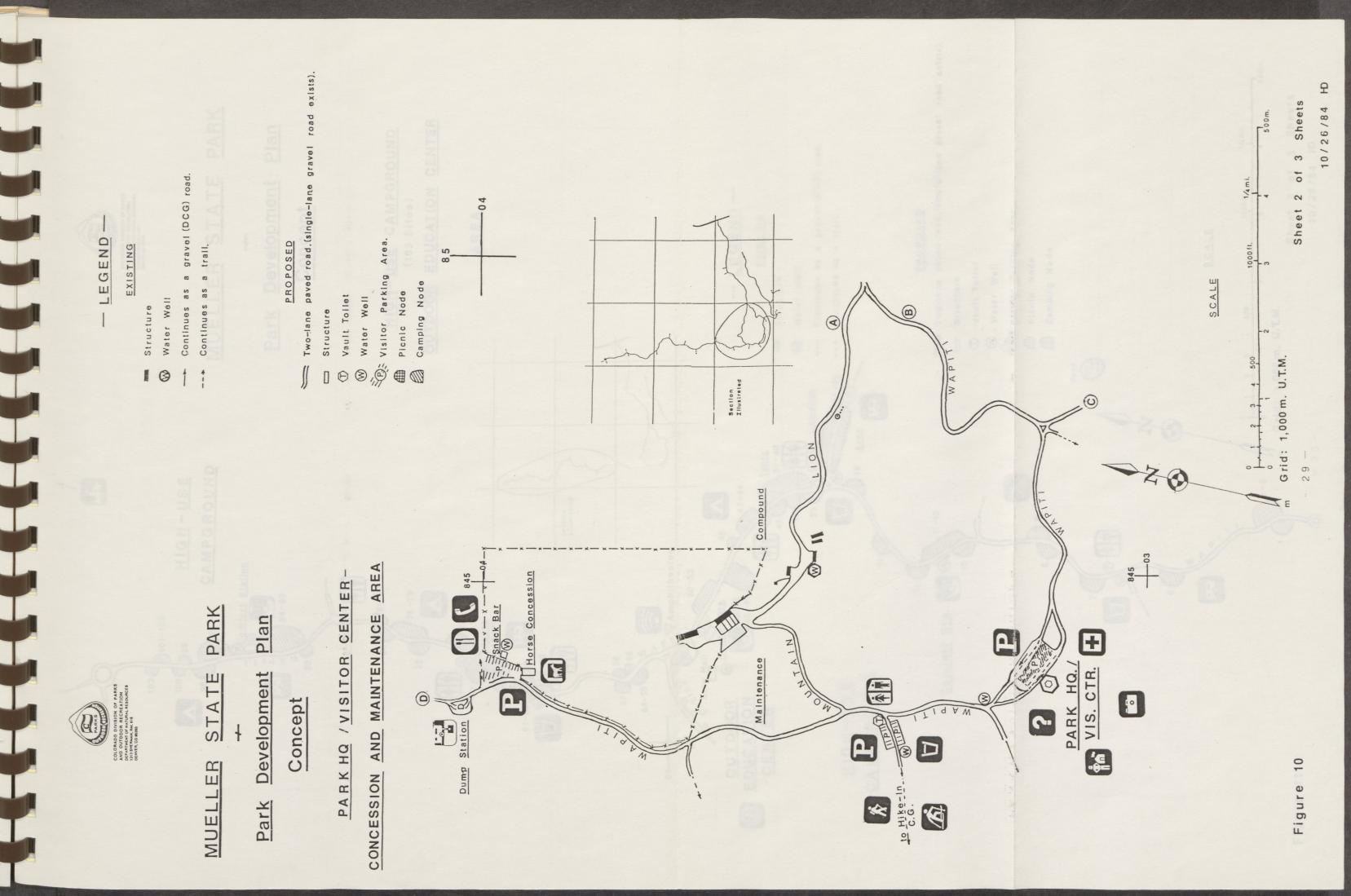






	Structure		
8	Water Well		
+	Continues as	8	gravel (DCG) road.
-+	Continues as	8 8	trail.

10/26/84 HD



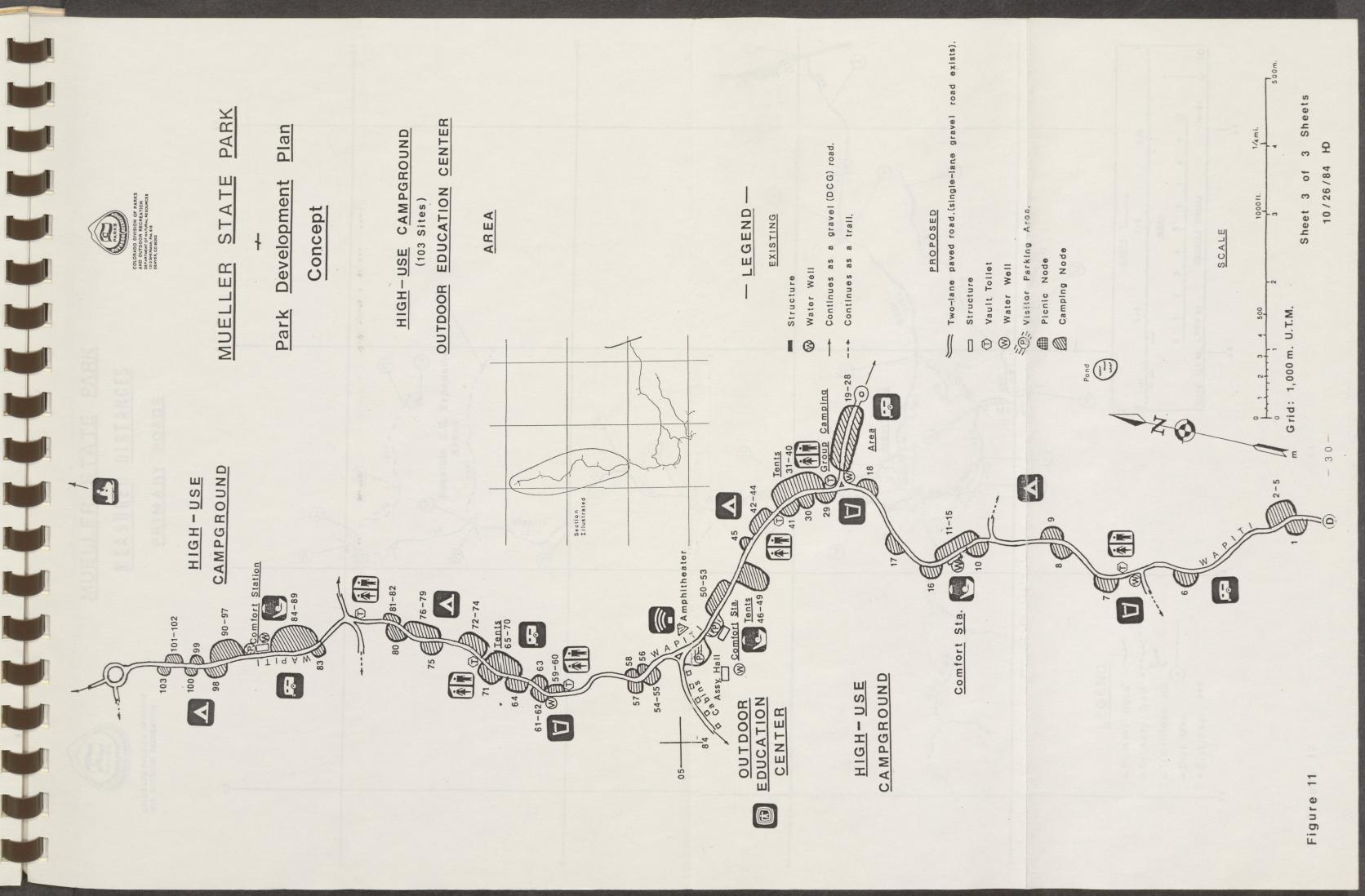




Figure 12

- 31 -

# part V appendix

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- - ----- Conservant & special stands to doth the Aprure Conservancy and Sail. Corry Will Decking the reprint percents of their laterature and lifestrationer

1. The four octions or the Astors Conservancy For Investor allies "The Suplies Aport, a balance montain Park" coordinates of Auriers Minnerpille, 76.8, Formany, 7621

Pa does not contain interest resource documents that are cod anitations

The following Appendix contains spacific date referenced in the precising cent.

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### Appendix

The following Appendix contains specific data referenced in the preceding text.

It does not contain important resource documents that are too voluminous to be included but are an important part of the reference base.

They are located in the Appendix file and include the following:

- The four volumes of the Nature Conservancy Publication titled "The Mueller Ranch, a Unique Mountain Park" coordinated by Barbara Winternitz, Ph.D., February, 1981.
- The publication titled "Designing for Recreation in the Natural Environment: the Mueller Ranch as a case Study in the Conflict between Perpetuation and Use" by Gail Barry, May, 1979.
- 3. Over 280 written responses as the result of public hearings, tours, and newspaper coverage.

I wish to express a special thanks to both the Nature Conservancy and Gail Barry for permission to reprint portions of their literature and illustrations.

Management Criteria - I. PUBLIC SAFETY			/		,	
SITE EVALUATION RECORD	/	1	/	/ /		
SITE: Considered for MAINTENANCE AREA (date)		~ /	/	/ /	,	
Identification #1	\i'.	5	/		/	
Location 8450 0360		(3)		1=1	/	
Evaluator(s) FRENCH	EXCE	6000 (3) (4)	R (	POOR (1)	WUTES	
CONSIDERATIONS	//	10	FA	1 d	=	
I. PUBLIC SAFETY Delegion and apploal box all sibleged		1 69.	6001	515 00	<u> </u>	
A. Location of facilities	10 00	00100	1001	. Ine	1.	
1. Natural_hazards (maximum distance from)	4	ncin, or usin	9 791 97 . /	Nue 1 0.19		
ad "Becknoine for Reception in the Matural Soul managed	4	piped	Hdur	adT .	2	
2. Communications network (near)	4	se te sê yê	lusut <sup>U</sup> sei	bas		
3. Hazardous activities (separated from)		127.18	0.03	TBYU	2	
4. Visibility (easily visible from mgt. control	4	COVI	19460	ewse.		
points)		2001	4X0 0		8	
B. Adequate ingress/egress points (emergency exits	4				3	
· possible)	4					
C. Information systems (critical information systems can						
be placed to maximize visitor awareness of hazards)	4					
D. Types of facilities (facility types can be developed						×
that maximize health and sanitary conditions and have						
minimal manmade hazards	4					
E. Management and personnel quarters (adequate number of						
quarters for 24-hour response to emergencies)	4	+		++		
F. Other						
	1					
NCTE: Enter evaluation number in appropriate box TOTALS N = Not Evaluated N/A = Not Applicable	32	GR	AND T	OTAL		
REMARKS: NONEATTACHED			-	•33-		

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TE: Considered	for MAINTENANCE AREA	(13/83 ate)		1		/	/
	ion(da	ate)	!	(4)	/	' ./	
	8450 0360		11 :	SOOD (31	ñ/-	_ /-	_
Evaluator (s			XCFI	6000 (3)	10	POOR (1)	- /
	CONSIDERATIONS			00	FAIL	00d	1
II. RESOURCE PE	ROTECTION AND VISITOR CONTROL	2111	TACT	0.20	ANAS	1.0.00	-
A. Locatio	on of facilities		-	116			+
	y use and camping can be separated	Vebrior	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A_	-
2. Fac	cilities and activity areas avoid delic	ate	1.1.20	30			+
res	source areas	700 27	4				
3. Fac	cilities and activities are easily visi	ble					+
fro	om road networks	100 000	4				-
	of entrances (minimal)	in to	4				1
and the second se	c circulation						+
1. Mi	nimizes distances from mgt. control poi	nts	4				-
2. Av	oids traffic congestion potential and m	nini-					+
	zes off-road indiscretionary use		4				-
D. Inform	ation systems (can be placed to maximiz	ze					+
	ation available to the visitor)		4				
	ment and personnel quarters (adequate r	umber			-		-
	vide for 24-hour observation of visitor				NA		+
resour			4				
F. Other		÷					

Management Criteria - III. MAINTENANCE OPERATIONS	////
SITE EVALUATION RECORD	
SITE: Considered for MAINTENANCE AREA 10/13/83 (date)	
Identification_#1	
Location 8450 0360	EXCELLENT GOOD (3) AIR (2) POOR (1) NOTES
Evaluator(s) FRENCH	EXCELL GOOD (3) FAIR (2) POOR (1) NOTES
CONSIDERATIONS	A A A
III. MAINTENANCE OPERATIONS	
A. General location of facilities (provides for easy	
access for day-to-day maintenance)	4
B. Types of facilities (low cost short- and long-term	
maintenance costs per design and type of materials	
used)	4
C. Site modification (minimizes ongoing maintenance	
caused by natural deterioration and erosion)	4
D. Location vs. maintenance center (minimum distance	
from maintenance center)	4 :
E. General Park circulation (minimizes distances that	
must be traveled to perform daily and routine	
maintenance operations	4
F. Other	
La Presente del and de restanted association (adapted a restanted as	
hunrders dur 754 and exertises the seastly of a source of	
I a lossed Al	
	20
NOTE: Enter evaluation number in appropriate box TOTALS N = Not Evaluated N/A = Not Applicable	20 GRAND TOTAL

REMARKS: NONE \_\_\_\_\_ ATTACHED

SITE EVALUATION RECORD		/	/	
SITE: Considered for PICNIC AREA (DAY USE) 10/13/83 (date)			/	/
Identification #1	EXCELLENT (1)	-		/
Location 8495 0310	CELL	3	(2)	13
Evaluator(s) FRENCH		G000 (3)	AIR	POOR
CONSIDERATIONS	· /			
I. PUBLIC SAFETY				R
A. Location of facilities			01	A
1. Natural hazards (maximum distance from)	4	<u>v60</u>		
2. Communications network (near)		3		
3. Hazardous activities (separated from)	4			
4. Visibility (easily visible from mgt. control		285		-
points)	bhon	3		
B. Adequate ingress/egress points (emergency exits	112			R
· possible)	ponto	3 .	11-1	317
C. Information systems (critical information systems can	CONTR			
be placed to maximize visitor awareness of hazards)	4	CVA	.5	
D. Types of facilities (facility types can be developed	11013	12.170		
that maximize health and sanitary conditions and have	- 101	1010	0	0
minimal manmade hazards	4	em o'	0	
E. Management and personnel quarters (adequate number of		0.6.6.4	<u>e.P.</u> ·	1
quarters for 24-hour response to emergencies)	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
F. Other	6.	23102	<u>.</u>	
		and	101	

anagement Criteria - II. RESOURCE PROTECTION AND VISITOR CON SITE EVALUATION RECORD	TROL	1	//	/	/	/	
ITE: Considered for <u>PICNIC AREA (DAY USE)</u> 10/13/8 (date)	3		(4)	/	/	1	
Identification_#1		/ 1N	- /		/	/	
Location 8495 0310	1	SLLE	$\left  \widehat{\mathfrak{S}} \right $	5)	13	1.	
Evaluator(s) FRENCH		EXCELLENT	6000 (3)	IR (	POOR (1)	10TE	
CONSIDERATIONS				FA	- d		
II. RESOURCE PROTECTION AND VISITOR CONTROL	-	_					
A. Location of facilities	-						
1. Day use and camping can be separated	4						-
2. Facilities and activity areas avoid delicate	-						
	4						
resource areas	-						
3. Facilities and activities are easily visible			3		4		
from road networks						K	
B. Number of entrances (minimal)							-
C. Traffic circulation						-	-
1. Minimizes distances from mgt. control points		+					
2. Avoids traffic congestion potential and mini-					and the second		-
mizes off-road indiscretionary use		+					-
D. Information systems (can be placed to maximize							-
information available to the visitor)		4					-
E. Management and personnel quarters (adequate number	.   -						_
to provide for 24-hour observation of visitors and	,   -						_
resources)		N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A		_
F. Other							_
1. Other		•					
							-
			1				-
NOTE: Enter evaluation number in appropriate box TOTAL		24	3				_
N = Not Evaluated $N/A = Not Applicable$		27	GRA	ND TO			
REMARKS: NONEATTACHED					37-		

	SITE EVALUATION RECORD	/	/	/	/	1
TE: Cons	idered for PICNIC AREA (DAY USE) 10/13/83 (date)		(4)		/ /	1
Iden	tification #1	li	) IN			
Loca	tion8495-0310		(21	10/10	13	1.
Eval	uator(s) FRENCH	EXC	G000 (21 (4)	FAIR (2)	POOR (1)	
	CONSIDERATIONS	//		14	12.	4
111. MAI	INTENANCE OPERATIONS		YT3	142.3	19119	
Α.	General location of facilities (provides for easy		0.00	3600		
	àccess for day-to-day maintenance)	4	6764	18		-
В.	Types of facilities (low cost short- and long-term		019000	12		+
	maintenance costs per design and type of materials		-			+
	used)	4	1.41.0			-
с.	Site modification (minimizes ongoing maintenance		19.7.0.1			+
	caused by natural deterioration and erosion)	4				-
·D.	Location vs. maintenance center (minimum distance		Lab			+
	from maintenance center)		3			-
Ε.	General Park circulation (minimizes distances that					+
	must be traveled to perform daily and routine	1.1.2.59				-
	maintenance operations		3			-
F.	Other		-			
	Hereiner Alterneter ingenedenn ingenerer ausber.					-
	- in working the station of an and and	0				1 1 1
	- desider 1					
			-			-
				_		
	er evaluation number in appropriate box TOTALS	1 12	6			

Rail

anagement Criteria - I. PUBLIC SAFETY		//	./	/	/		
SITE EVALUATION RECORD		//	/	/	/		
TE: Considered for VISITOR CENTER/PARK HEADQUARTERS 10/13/83 (date)		(4)		/ /			
Identification #1		- 1	/	/	/		
Location 8435 0315		1000 (3)	10/12	POOR (1)			
Evaluator(s) FRENCH	EXCE	000	IR C	OR ,	NOTES		
CONSIDERATIONS	<u>  </u>	19	14	100	/	-	
. PUBLIC SAFETY							
A. Location of facilities							
1. Natural hazards (maximum distance from)		3				L	
2. Communications network (near)			2				
3. Hazardous activities (separated from)	4						
4. Visibility (easily visible from mqt. control			AND R.				
points)	4			-	<u> </u>		
B. Adequate ingress/egress points (emergency exits					+		
possible)	4						
C. Information systems (critical information systems can					-	L	
be placed to maximize visitor awareness of hazards)	4						
D. Types of facilities (facility types can be developed				- 3	+	. 4	T
that maximize health and sanitary conditions and have							
the state of the second s	4						Τ
minimal manmade hazards							
E. Management and personnel quarters (adequate number of	4	+					
quarters for 24-hour response to emergencies)						4	
F. Other				-			
						-	
						-	
							-
			_				
OTE: Enter evaluation number in appropriate box TOTALS	21		2				
N = Not Evaluated N/A = Not Applicable	32		AND T	OTAL			

TĘ: Con	sidered for VISITOR CENTER/PARK HEADQUARTER <u>S 10/13/</u> 83 (date)	- //	(+)	1
Ide	ntification #1			/ /
Loca	ation 8435 0315	ELLE	(3)	₹ / E
Eva	luator(s) FRENCH	EXCELLENT	6000 (3)	POOR (1)
2	CONSIDERATIONS	<u>  </u>	7	10
II. RES	SOURCE PROTECTION AND VISITOR CONTROL		Jonenior	
Α.	Location of facilities			
	1. Day use and camping can be separated	4		
	2. Facilities and activity areas avoid delicate			
	resource areas	4		
	3. Facilities and activities are easily visible			
	from road networks	4		
В.	Number of entrances (minimal)	4		_
с.	Traffic circulation		· ·	
	1. Minimizes distances from mgt. control points	4		
	2. Avoids traffic congestion potential and mini-			
	mizes off-road indiscretionary use	4		
D.	Information systems (can be placed to maximize			
	information available to the visitor)	4		
Ε.	Management and personnel quarters (adequate number			
	to provide for 24-hour observation of visitors and			
1	resources)	4		
F.	Other			_
-				

Management Criteria - III. MAINTENANCE OPERATIONS <u>SITE EVALUATION RECORD</u> SITE: Considered for <u>VISITOR CENTER/PARK HEADQUARTERS 10/13/83</u> (date) Identification <u>#1</u> Location <u>8435 0315</u> Evaluator(s) <u>FRENCH</u> <u>CONSIDERATIONS</u>	EXCELLENT (4) GOOD (3) FAIR (2) POOR (1) NOTES
111. MAINTENANCE OPERATIONS         A. General location of facilities (provides for easy áccess for day-to-day maintenance)         B. Types of facilities (low cost short- and long-term maintenance costs per design and type of materials used)         C. Site modification (minimizes ongoing maintenance caused by natural deterioration and erosion)         D. Location vs. maintenance center (minimum distance from maintenance center)         E. General Park circulation (minimizes distances that must be traveled to perform daily and routine maintenance operations         F. Other	
NOTE: Enter evaluation number in appropriate box N = Not Evaluated N/A = Not Applicable	17 GRAND TOTAL

REMARKS: NONE\_\_\_\_\_ATTACHED\_\_\_\_\_

SITE EVALUATION RECORD		/	/	/
TE: Considered for <u>HIKE-IN CAMPING AREA</u> <u>10/13/83</u> (date)		(4)	1	63/
Identification #1	11	51	/	1
Location 8430 0370	EXCELLE	3	(2)	. /.
Evaluator(s) FRENCH	EXC	G000 (3)	FAIR (2)	POOR .
CONSIDERATIONS	/	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>
. PUBLIC SAFETY		89 1	<u>aub23</u>	8
A. Location of facilities	10.1	<u>8188-</u>	8.0	
1. Natural hazards (maximum distance from)	621J	veh	2	(Constant)
2. Communications network (near)			2	
3. Hazardous activities (separated from)	4	201		
4. Visibility (easily visible from mqt. control	6 1 1 1	101	5	
points)	100-0		2	
B. Adequate ingress/egress points (emergency exits	05.10	i nada		
possible)	-	<u>nh:</u>	2	
C. Information systems (critical information systems can		18	1	
be placed to maximize visitor awareness of hazards)	4			
D. Types of facilities (facility types can be developed				
that maximize health and sanitary conditions and have				
minimal manmade hazards	4			
E. Management and personnel quarters (adequate number of				
quarters for 24-hour response to emergencies)	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
F. Other	1			
		2010		
	12			

N

SITE EVALUATION RECORD E: Considered for HIKE-IN CAMPING AREA (date)	//	/	/	/	
	! :	(4)			1
Identification #1	EXCELLENT	12	/	/_	/
Location 8430 0370	KCEL	G000 (3)	(2)	12	NOTES
Evaluator(s) FRENCH		000	FAIR (2)	POOR (1)	NO
CONSIDERATIONS				===	
II. RESOURCE PROTECTION AND VISITOR CONTROL		3.2.3.	10.7		
· A. Location of facilities					
* 1. Day use and camping can be separated	4				
2. Facilities and activity areas avoid delicate					
resource areas		3			
3. Facilities and activities are easily visible					
from road networks			2		
B. Number of entrances (minimal)		3	0.804		
C. Traffic circulation			0.00		
1. Minimizes distances from mgt. control points		•	2		
2. Avoids traffic congestion potential and mini-					
mizes off-road indiscretionary use	4				
D. Information systems (can be placed to maximize					
information available to the visitor)	4				
E. Management and personnel quarters (adequate number					
to provide for 24-hour observation of visitors and					
	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	
resources)					
F. Other					
OTE: Enter evaluation number in appropriate box TOTALS	12	6	4		

SITE EVALUATION RECORD 10/13/83		107 0	hebi	1000	1
SITE: Considered for <u>HIKE-IN CAMPING AREA</u> (date)		3000 (3) (4)			
Identification #1 Location 8430 0370		LENT		1_	
	XCEI	G000 (3)	(2)	POOR (1)	
Evaluator(s) FRENCH CONSIDERATIONS		009	FAIR (2)	P004	1
III. MAINTENANCE OPERATIONS		Y1	SAF	1JBU'	
A. General location of facilities (provides for easy	1261	10 0	11601	1	
àccess for day-to-day maîntenance)	axadi	3	NY A	9/8	+
B. Types of facilities (low cost short- and long-term	<del></del>	1.000			+
maintenance costs per design and type of materials	22.5	2016	51		+
used)	4	man	V_J		+
C. Site modification (minimizes ongoing maintenance					+
caused by natural deterioration and erosion)	4	hi or	BUDAD		+
D. Location vs. maintenance center (minimum distance			1220		-
from maintenance center)		3	nforn		-
E. General Park circulation (minimizes distances that			10.9		_
must be traveled to perform daily and routine					
maintenance operations	1 23	<u>a krui z e</u>	2		
F. Other				-	
readend eveness' (adequate sumber of the summer of the sum		0.0.00			
					-
					-
NOTE: Enter evaluation number in appropriate box TOTALS	8	6	2		

nagement Criteria - I. PUBLIC SAFETY SITE EVALUATION RECORD	2	//	/	/	/		
TE: Considered for HORSE CONCESSION 10/13/83 (date)	11	(4)	/	1	/		
Identification #1	11	51		/	/		-
Location 8440 0395	EXCELLE	G000 (31	10/10	POOR (1)	15		
Evaluator(s) FRENCH	EXI	6000	FAIR (2)	ROOR	NOTES		
CONSIDERATIONS	/		14	14.	<u> </u>		
. PUBLIC SAFETY	2,9,3,9,4	304	NER	AM			
A. Location of facilities	3.6.36	1 sh	640				-
1. Natural hazards (maximum distance from)	4	1 2 2	1006				
2. Communications network (near)	Iset	3	097	1			
3. Hazardous activities (separated from)	0.000	3	1 car i				
4. Visibility (easily visible from mgt. control							
points)		3					-
B. Adequate ingress/egress points (emergency exits	1 8/1 1				+		
possible)	4	10121		0	+	1	
C. Information systems (critical information systems can		600			+		
be placed to maximize visitor awareness of hazards)	4	1000	60				
D. Types of facilities (facility types can be developed					<b>†</b>		
that maximize health and sanitary conditions and have					+		
minimal manmade hazards	4						
E. Management and personnel quarters (adequate number of							
quarters for 24-hour response to emergencies)	4		7	+			
F. Other							
Fl Other							
OTE: Enter evaluation number in appropriate box TOTALS N = Not Evaluated N/A = Not Applicable	20	9	AND T	OTAL	101		

NON	E	

: Considered for HORSE CONCESSION 10/13/83 (date)		(4)		/ /
Identification #1	li		/	/
Location 8440 0395		(S)		. /=
Evaluator(s) FRENCH	EXCE	6000 (3)	R	POOR (1)
CONSIDERATIONS	/	15	FA	10d
I. RESOURCE PROTECTION AND VISITOR CONTROL	17/192	0.0.20	10.027	11.0.54
A. Location of facilities	ollion			
	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
2. Facilities and activity areas avoid delicate	11120	df. 1	-	
resource areas	4			
3. Facilities and activities are easily visible				
from road networks	4			
B. Number of entrances (minimal)	4			
C. Traffic circulation				
1. Minimizes distances from mgt. control points		. 3		
2. Avoids traffic congestion potential and mini-				
mizes off-road indiscretionary use	4			
D. Information systems (can be placed to maximize				
information available to the visitor)	4			
E. Management and personnel quarters (adequate number				
to provide for 24-hour observation of visitors and				
resources)	4			
F. Other			-	
E: Enter evaluation number in appropriate box TOTALS	2	+ 3		

ATTACHED

anagem ITE:	Ment Criteria - III. MAINTENANCE OPERATIONS <u>SITE EVALUATION RECORD</u> Considered for HORSE CONCESSION 10/13/83 (date) Identification #1 Location 8440 0395 Evaluator(s) FRENCH CONSIDERATIONS	EXCELLENT (4) GOOD (3) FAIR (2) POOR (1) NOTES
111.	MAINTENANCE OPERATIONS	
	A. General location of facilities (provides for easy access for day-to-day maintenance)	4
	B. Types of facilities (low cost short- and long-term maintenance costs per design and type of materials	
	used)	3
	C. Site modification (minimizes ongoing maintenance caused by natural deterioration and erosion)	4
	D. Location vs. maintenance center (minimum distance from maintenance center)	4
	E. General Park circulation (minimizes distances that	
	must be traveled to perform daily and routine maintenance operations	4
	F. Other	
	- hour destroyed wassers and to 19 214 200	
NOTE:	Enter evaluation number in appropriate box TOTALS	20 3

SITE EVALUATION RECORD		/	1	/
ITE: Considered for CAMPGROUND (HIGH USE) 10/13/83		_ /	/	
Identification #1	11	(1)	/	/
Location 8440 0400		(3)	1_	1=
Evaluator(s) FRENCH	EXCELLENT	000	R (2	AR CI
CONSIDERATIONS		6000 (3)	FAI	PO
I. PUBLIC SAFETY		UAN .	JAUCE.	181
A. Location of facilities	1.10	10131		A
1. Natural hazards (maximum distance from)	6 921	3		
2. Communications network (near)		3		
3. Hazardous activities (separated from)	3766	3		
4. Visibility (easily visible from mgt. control	110.0	1053		
points)	0501	3		-
B. Adequate ingress/egress points (emergency exits		Der (	1019	
possible)	4	<del>sh:</del>	de la composition de la compos	
C. Information systems (critical information systems can	0510	1010		
be placed to maximize visitor awareness of hazards)	4	ovà		
D. Types of facilities (facility types can be developed	10121	5.10		
that maximize health and sanitary conditions and have	0010	5000	n.	
minimal manmade hazards	4	inno?		
E. Management and personnel quarters (adequate number of		instea Dated		
quarters for 24-hour response to emergencies)	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
F. Other	120	pauloe		
		bor	n	
	112	12		
NOTE: Enter evaluation number in appropriate box TOTALS N = Not Evaluated N/A = Not Applicable	24		ID TO	TAI

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:	Considered for CAMPGROUND HIGH USE (date)	//	_/		
	Identification #1		(+)	/	
	Location8440 0400	EXCELLENT	(2)	1	1=1
	Evaluator(s) FRENCH	XCEI	6000 (3)	FAIR (2)	POOR (1) NOTEC
	CONSIDERATIONS		09	FAI	POO
1.	RESOURCE PROTECTION AND VISITOR CONTROL				
	A. Location of facilities				
	1. Day use and camping can be separated	4			
	2. Facilities and activity areas avoid delicate				
	resource areas	4			
1	3. Facilities and activities are easily visible				
	from road networks	4	2101		·
	B. Number of entrances (minimal)	4			
	C. Traffic circulation				
	1. Minimizes distances from mgt. control points		• 3		
	2. Avoids traffic congestion potential and mini-		0.000	10.5	
	mizes off-road indiscretionary use	4		2.5.17	
	D. Information systems (can be placed to maximize				
	information available to the visitor)	4			
	E. Management and personnel quarters (adequate number				
	to provide for 24-hour observation of visitors and				
-	resources)	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
	F. Other				
	Enter evaluation number in appropriate box TOTALS	1 24	3		

SITE EVALUATION RECORDTE: Considered for CAMPGROUND (HIGH USE)10/13/83	me /	1		1	/
Identification #1		5000 (3) (4)	/	/ /	
Location 8440 0400		LENT	- /		
Evaluator(s) FRENCH	XCFI	G00D (2)	10	POOR (1)	
CONSIDERATIONS		009	FAIR (21	P004	1
III. MAINTENANCE OPERATIONS		VT3	12.01	18119	
A. General location of facilities (provides for easy	26.1.3	0.001	18.004		
áccess for day-to-day maintenance)	4	.4/4 .	,N/A,	N/A	-
B. Types of facilities (low cost short- and long-term	1.160	10000	1		-
maintenance costs per design and type of materials	1 <u>1.</u> 2015. 2010	DACES		· ·	+
used)	4	dial	1		+.
C. Site modification (minimizes ongoing maintenance		13630			+
caused by natural deterioration and erosion)	4	- 220			+.
D. Location vs. maintenance center (minimum distance		lold			F
from maintenance center)	1 va. a	3	0.3.54		+
E. General Park circulation (minimizes distances that		- 0900	-		Ŧ
must be traveled to perform daily and routine		1.000			T
maintenance operations	4				+
F. Other					+
		the second			+
	1 11/1	I INTA		1177	+
					+
					+
					+
					+
					-
					-
NOTE: Enter evaluation number in appropriate box TOTALS	16	and the state of t			-

SITE EVALUATION RECORD		/	/	/	/		
E: Considered for SNOWMOBILE AREA (date)		- /	/	/	1		6
Identification #1	EXCELLENT	$\Xi$	/				
Location 8630 0850	TLEN	(3)	12	1=	1.		-
Evaluator(s) FRENCH	EXCH	G000 (3)	FAIR (2)	POOR (1)	NOTES		
CONSIDERATIONS	4		FA				
PUBLIC SAFETY							
A. Location of facilities			40		<u> </u>		-
1. Natural hazards (maximum distance from)	4		26				-
2. Communications network (near)		200	V	1			
3. Hazardous activities (separated from)	4		631				
4. Visibility (easily visible from mgt. control		- Line			<u> </u>		
points)	4	20.53	1.0		+		-
B. Adequate ingress/egress points (emergency exits					<b>—</b>		-
possible)		3 .			+		
C. Information systems (critical information systems can					+		
be placed to maximize visitor awareness of hazards)	4						
D. Types of facilities (facility types can be developed					+		-
that maximize health and sanitary conditions and have					+		
minimal manmade hazards	4	190					
E. Management and personnel quarters (adequate number of					+		-
quarters for 24-hour response to emergencies)		N/A	N/A	N/A			
F. Other		-					-
E. Other							
						-	
						-	
		3		1		-	
OTE: Enter evaluation number in appropriate box TOTAL N = Not Evaluated N/A = Not Applicable	s 20		AND T	OTAL			

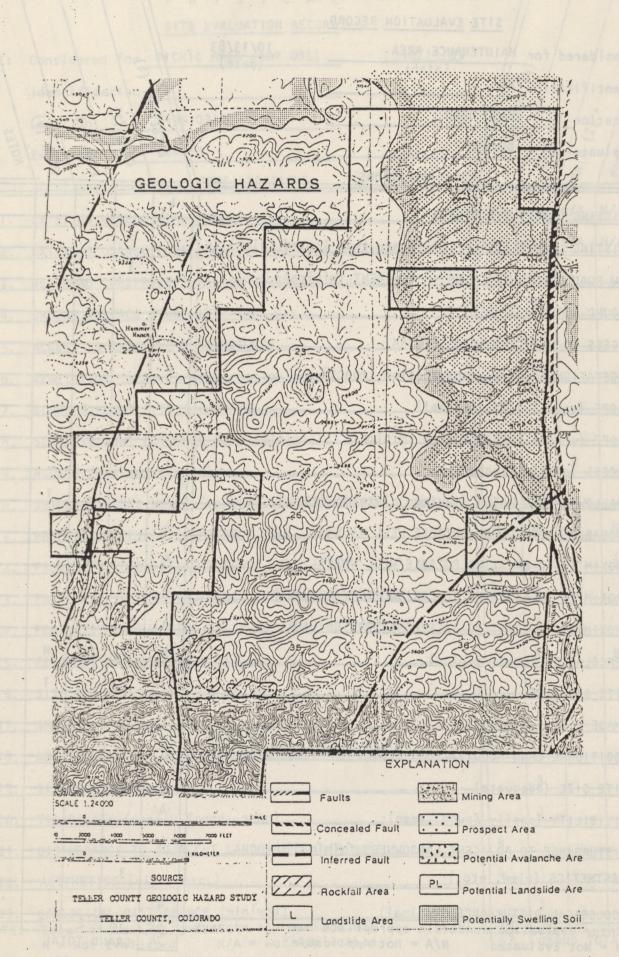
E: Considered fo	r SNOWMOBILE AREA 10/13 (date	3/83		(4)		
Identificatio			11	= /	/	/
Location	8630 0850			(2)	5/ (2	12
Evaluator(s)_	FRENCH		EXCELLENT	000	IR (	POOR (1)
	CONSIDERATIONS	/	/	6	1 F	100 f
II. RESOURCE PRO	TECTION AND VISITOR CONTROL		TRAT		272 A Sierr	LI BM
A. Location	of facilities		1100			
1. Day	use and camping can be separated	·	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
2. Faci	lities and activity areas avoid delicat	e	Tital	1.16	L. A. A. T.	9
E B B	urce areas		4	The set	1	
3. Faci	lities and activities are easily visibl	e				
	road networks		and a second	3	2.20	
	f entrances (minimal)		4			
	circulation					
l. Miniu	mizes distances from mgt. control point	s	5724	• .	2	
2. Avoi	ds traffic congestion potential and min	i-				
mize	s off-road indiscretionary use	2	4			
D. Informat	ion systems (can be placed to maximize					
informat	ion available to the visitor)		4			
E. Manageme	nt and personnel quarters (adequate num	ber				
to provi	de for 24-hour observation of visitors	and	-			
resource	s)		N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
F. Other						
- Marshall						
infra Larka						
	The second secon					
	source and the source sould be					
The cu	T GEOLOGY HEARD STUDY CALL ROCALIT ATES	10153				

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Management Criteria - 111. MAINTENANCE OPERATIONS		//	./	1	. /.	
SITE EVALUATION RECORD	1	//	/	/	/	
SITE: Considered for <u>SNOWMOBILE AREA</u> <u>10/13/83</u> (date)	. //	- 1	/ /	/ /		
Identification_#1	1!	(4)		1	/	
Location8630 0850		SOOD (2)		. /=		
Evaluator(s) FRENCH	EXCH	6000 (2)	FAIR (2)	POOR (1)	NOTES	
CONSIDERATIONS	<u> </u>	1	14	1		
III, MAINTENANCE OPERATIONS						
A. General location of facilities (provides for easy						
access for day-to-day maintenance)			2			
B. Types of facilities (low cost short- and long-term						
maintenance costs per design and type of materials						
used)	4					
C. Site modification (minimizes ongoing maintenance						
caused by natural deterioration and erosion)	4					•
D. Location vs. maintenance center (minimum distance						•
from maintenance center)		•		1		-
E. General Park circulation (minimizes distances that				-		· ·
must be traveled to perform daily and routine						-
maintenance operations				1		-
F. Other	·					-
						- 1
				1		-
						-
						-
						-
						-
						- 1
					<u> </u>	
NOTE: Enter evaluation number in appropriate box TOTAL N = Not Evaluated N/A = Not Applicable	S 8	2 GF	AND T		<u> </u>	
REMARKS: NONE ATTACHED		1		-53-		



SITE:	PHYSICAL <u>SITE EVALUATION RECORD</u> Considered for <u>MAINTENANCE AREA</u> Identification #1 Location 8450 0360 Evaluator(s) DOWNER <u>CONSIDERATIONS</u>	11 5	G000 (3)	FAIR (2)	P00R (1)	NOTES
. 1.	EXISTING USABLE STRUCTURES	4		4 <u>X</u> .		
2.	EXISTING USABLE FACILITIES (other than listed below)		3		and a	
3.	NEW ROAD CONSTRUCTION OR IMPROVEMENT (minimal)	Name I	3	426	<u>A.</u>	
	GROUND SURFACE STABILITY			2		
. 5.	ACCESS TO EXISTING ROAD NETWORK	4				
6.	VEGETATION (minimal construction impact)	4		R and		
	SLOPE (grade) SITE (minimal)		3		2	
	SLOPE (grade) ENTRANCE ROAD (minimal)		3		2	
	ACCESS (easily reached)	4				
	SHALLOW GROUND WATER (maximum distance from)		•		1	
	PROBABLE UNDEVELOPED POTABLE WELL WATER	4	And State			<u>+</u> ·
12.	PROXIMITY TO EXISTING POTABLE WELL WATER	4	F			
13.	PROXIMITY TO EXISTING ELECTRICAL SERVICE LINES	4		1.11		
14.	PROXIMITY TO EXISTING TELEPHONE SERVICE LINES	4		1231		·
15.	PERCOLATION (test results)	N	N	N	N	
. 16.	SITE DRAINAGE				1	
17.	SHADE		3			
18.	ADDITIONAL LAND ACQUISITIONS NEEDED (minimal)	4				
19.	SITE SIZE (adequate)	4				
20.	VISIBILITY (easily found, seen)	4				
21.	DISTURBANCE TO ADJACENT LANDOWNERS (minimal)	4				
22.	AESTHETICS (view, etc.)		3			
23.	ECOLOGICAL DISTURBANCE (minimal)	4	18	2	2	
NOTE	N = Not Evaluated N/A = Not Applicable N/A = Not Applicable	74	and the second second	AND T	OTAL	
	REMARKS: NONE ATTACHED				-55-	

## PHYSICAL PROPERTY // //

	SITE EVALUATION RECORD 34 MOLTANA 31	12 /	1	/	1	/
ITE:	Considered for PICNIC AREA (DAY USE) 10/13/83 (date)		2	/	100/	
	Identification #1	1	17 (4)		/	. /
	Location 8495 0310	EXCENT	(21		= =	. /.
E.	Evaluator(s) DOWNER	EXCE	6000 (3)	FAIR (2)	POOR (1)	NOTES
	CONSIDERATIONS	<u>  </u>	19	14	100	/~
1.	EXISTING USABLE STRUCTURES	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	
2.	EXISTING USABLE FACILITIES (other than listed below)	N/A.	N/A	N/A	N/A	0
	NEW ROAD CONSTRUCTION OR IMPROVEMENT (minimal)	¥56a	3	NGAn	856	-
	GROUND SURFACE STABILITY	AT2	3	2 03	099	
	ACCESS TO EXISTING ROAD NETWORK	ation	3	17 22	2228	-
	VEGETATION (minimal construction impact)	ism i m	3		nav	
	SLOPE (grade) SITE (minimal)	3712	3			-
	SLOPE (grade) ENTRANCE ROAD (minimal)	FRITTRE	ane	2		Q
	ACCESS (easily reached)		1124	. 2	1174	
	SHALLOW GROUND WATER (maximum distance from)	-ave -	. 3	un i	-up	at
	PROBABLE UNDEVELOPED POTABLE WELL WATER	N	N	N	N	
	PROXIMITY TO EXISTING POTABLE WELL WATER	12133	07		1	0.5
		ų.	3		14A	-
	PROXIMITY TO EXISTING ELECTRICAL SERVICE LINES		3	LIVA.	VA	
14.		N	N	N	N	
	PERCOLATION (test results)		3		-	1
	SITE DRAINAGE	4				1-
	SHADE	4				
	ADDITIONAL LAND ACQUISITIONS NEEDED (minimal)	4	2			+
	SITE SIZE (adequate)		3			+
20.	VISIBILITY (easily found, seen)		3	1 191	2 1	10
21.	DISTURBANCE TO ADJACENT LANDOWNERS (minimal)	4	1 301	1 901	20	
22.	AESTHETICS (view, etc.)	4	05 1	-	AES	1
23.	ECOLOGICAL DISTURBANCE (minimal) Enter evaluation number in appropriate box TOTALS	16	3	4	1	E FOU
NUTE:	N = Not Evaluated N/A = Not Applicable	57	GR	AND T		

# PHYSICAL PROPERTY PHYSICAL

	P H Y S I C A L SITE EVALUATION RECORD					/
ITE:	Considered for VISITOR CENTER/PARK HEADQUARTERS 10/13/8 (date)	3	NT (4)			. /
	Location 8435 0315		2) 12	12/12	. /=	10
Nor	Evaluator(s) DOWNER	EXCEILE	600D (3)	FAIR (2)	POOR (1)	NOTES
1.	EXISTING USABLE STRUCTURES	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	
2.	EXISTING USABLE FACILITIES (other than listed below)	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	
3.	NEW ROAD CONSTRUCTION OR IMPROVEMENT (minimal)		3			
4.	GROUND SURFACE STABILITY	4				
5.	ACCESS TO EXISTING ROAD NETWORK	4			1.1.1	
6.	VEGETATION (minimal construction impact)	4				
7.	SLOPE (grade) SITE (minimal)	4				
8.	SLOPE (grade) ENTRANCE ROAD (minimal)			2		
9.	ACCESS (easily reached)		3			
10.	SHALLOW GROUND WATER (maximum distance from)	4				
11.		N	N	N	N	
12.	PROXIMITY TO EXISTING POTABLE WELL WATER			2		
13.	PROXIMITY TO EXISTING ELECTRICAL SERVICE LINES		3			
14.	PROXIMITY TO EXISTING TELEPHONE SERVICE LINES		3			
15.	PERCOLATION (test results)	N	N	N	N	
16.	SITE DRAINAGE	4				
	SHADE			2		
	ADDITIONAL LAND ACQUISITIONS NEEDED (minimal)	4				
	SITE SIZE (adequate)		3			
	VISIBILITY (easily found, seen)	4				
21.	DISTURBANCE TO ADJACENT LANDOWNERS (minimal)	4				
22.	AESTHETICS (view, etc.)	4				
23.	ECOLOGICAL DISTURBANCE (minimal)	4				
NOTE :	Enter evaluation number in appropriate box TOTALS N = Not Evaluated N/A = Not Applicable	44		AND T		

	SITE EVALUATION RECORD	1	//	/	1	1
TE:	Considered for HIKE-IN CAMPING AREA 10-13-83 (date)	//	(4)		/	
	Identification #1	<i>  </i>	5/	/	/	ı.
	Location 8430 0370	EXCELLE	6000 (3)	(2)	. / 3	. /
. 3	Evaluator(s) Downer	EXC	6000	FAIR (2)	POOR	Non
	CONSIDERATIONS	1/	/	1	12.1	==
1.	EXISTING USABLE STRUCTURES	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	
2.	EXISTING USABLE FACILITIES (other than listed below)	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	
3.	NEW ROAD CONSTRUCTION OR IMPROVEMENT (minimal)	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	_
4.	GROUND SURFACE STABILITY	STAB	3	he a	linsa	
5.	ACCESS TO EXISTING ROAD NETWORK	4	EX-15	07.23	ACCE	
6.	VEGETATION (minimal construction impact)	( smil	3	<u>OUTA:</u>	2001	
7.	SLOPE (grade) SITE (minimal)	3713	3	101 3	90.12	
8.	SLOPE (grade) ENTRANCE ROAD (minimal)	109700	3	401 3	la is	
9	ACCESS (easily reached)	4	it i si	1 23		
10.	SHALLOW GROUND WATER (maximum distance from)	TAV	. 3	h un i	aus'	
11.	PROBABLE UNDEVELOPED POTABLE WELL WATER	N	N	N	N	
12.	PROXIMITY TO EXISTING POTABLE WELL WATER	TRIY	1 or	-	I	
13.	PROXIMITY TO EXISTING ELECTRICAL SERVICE LINES	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	
14.	PROXIMITY TO EXISTING TELEPHONE SERVICE LINES	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	ļ
15.	PERCOLATION (test results)	. N	N	. N	·N	ļ.
16.	SITE DRAINAGE		3	ikan .	-	+-
17.	SHADE	4		-	-	
18.	ADDITIONAL LAND ACQUISITIONS NEEDED (minimal)	4		a lour	100	
19.	SITE SIZE (adequate)	4	1.1			
20.	VISIBILITY (easily found, seen)	4	- N V	-		
21.	DISTURBANCE TO ADJACENT LANDOWNERS (minimal)	4	1 201	1000		
22.	AESTHETICS (view, etc.)	4	1 Z	-	126	
23.	ECOLOGICAL DISTURBANCE (minimal)		3	1.00	dha	

	SITE EVALUATION RECORD		/	/	1	/
TE:	Considered for HORSE CONCESSION 10/13/83 (date)	. //	(4)	/	/ /	1
	Identification #1	// .	5/	./	/	1. /
	Location 8440 0395	EXCENT	6000 (2)	FAIR (2)	POOR (1)	NOTES
TON	Evaluator(s) DOWNER	1 3	600	FAIR	POOR	NON
	CONSIDERATIONS	N/A	N/A		N/A	
1.	EXISTING USABLE STRUCTURES		3		12.2.3.3	
	EXISTING USABLE FACILITIES (other than listed below)		3		1.2.2.2.1	
3.	NEW ROAD CONSTRUCTION OR IMPROVEMENT (minimal)		3		1.14.70	
4.	GROUND SURFACE STABILITY		,		10.0.3.5	
5.	ACCESS TO EXISTING ROAD NETWORK	4	Sel. Col			
6.	VEGETATION (minimal construction impact)		3	TREE S	1.1.1.1.1.V	
7.	SLOPE (grade) SITE (minimal)		3			
8.	SLOPE (grade) ENTRANCE ROAD (minimal)	4			-	
9.	ACCESS (easily reached)	4			(datate)	+
10.	SHALLOW GROUND WATER (maximum distance from)		• 3			
11.	PROBABLE UNDEVELOPED POTABLE WELL WATER			2		
12.	PROXIMITY TO EXISTING POTABLE WELL WATER			2		
13.	PROXIMITY TO EXISTING ELECTRICAL SERVICE LINES		3			
14.	PROXIMITY TO EXISTING TELEPHONE SERVICE LINES		3			
15.	PERCOLATION (test results)	N	N	N	N	
and the second	SITE DRAINAGE	4				
	SHADE			2		
	ADDITIONAL LAND ACQUISITIONS NEEDED (minimal)	4				
	SITE SIZE (adequate)		3			
20.	VISIBILITY (easily found, seen)	4				
21.	DISTURBANCE TO ADJACENT LANDOWNERS (minimal)	4				
22.	AESTHETICS (view, etc.)		3			
22.	ECOLOGICAL DISTURBANCE (minimal)	4				

REMARKS: NONE\_\_\_\_\_

ATTACHED

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	SITE EVALUATION RECORD Considered for CAMPGROUND (HIGH USE) 10/13/83		/	/	1000)	/
	(date)	. //	(4)	/ /	/ /	
	Identification #1		51	_ /	/	. /
	Location 8440 0400	1	GOOD (	5/3	$\Xi = 1$	, Lo
	Evaluator(s) DOWNER CONSIDERATIONS		600	FAIR (2)	POOR (1)	NOTEC
	S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S	N/A	N/A	N/A	Í	
1.	EXISTING USABLE STRUCTURES	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	
	EXISTING USABLE FACILITIES (other than listed below)	NZA		N/A	NZA	
3.	NEW ROAD CONSTRUCTION OR IMPROVEMENT (minimal)	VI.1.292	3			
4.	GROUND SURFACE STABILITY		3	- 90 - 6 - 94	GROND	
	ACCESS TO EXISTING ROAD NETWORK	4	<u>2123</u>	5 10	ACCE	
6.	VEGETATION (minimal construction impact)	Leni	3	IOITA	<u>BD3V</u>	
	SLOPE (grade) SITE (minimal)	<u>ITE</u>	3	(10)	SLOPE	2
8.	SLOPE (grade) ENTRANCE ROAD (minimal)	4	3 (eb	(are	51.08	error e
9.	ACCESS (easily reached)	4	vile	5 (98	ACCES	0
10.	SHALLOW GROUND WATER (maximum distance from)	P.TRU	· 3	aprivo:	SHAIL	.0
11.	PROBABLE UNDEVELOPED POTABLE WELL WATER	N	N	N	N	+-
12.	PROXIMITY TO EXISTING POTABLE WELL WATER	1 721	0.07	MIT IM	1	2
13.	PROXIMITY TO EXISTING ELECTRICAL SERVICE LINES	0 720	107	2	2089	- 2
14.	PROXIMITY TO EXISTING TELEPHONE SERVICE LINES	1	1 87	2	5089	+-
15.	PERCOLATION (test results)	N	N	N	. N	+-
16.	SITE DRAINAGE	11525	3		<u>er12</u>	2
17.	SHADE	4	11	0 vis	bkliz.	2
18.	ADDITIONAL LAND ACQUISITIONS NEEDED (minimal)	4	in in	141013	1104	8
19.	SITE SIZE (adequate)		3	nin	2 132	
	VISIBILITY (easily found, seen)	4	Shi	- 55	1 iv	- 01
21.	DISTURBANCE TO ADJACENT LANDOWNERS (minimal)	4	0		THO	1
	AESTHETICS (view, etc.)	4	11)	-	AET	25
The second	ECOLOGICAL DISTURBANCE (minimal)	4	3 0	101100	10.33	

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J

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SITE EVALUATION RECORD	/	//	/	/	/
TE: Considered for SNOWMOBILE AREA (date)		=		1	/
Identification #1	11	17 (4)	/		· /
Location8630 08500000		(3)	10/2	. /=	
Evaluator(s) DOWNER	EXCELLE	600D	FAIR (2)	POOR (1)	NOTES
CONSIDERATIONS	11		12	1ª.	
1. EXISTING USABLE STRUCTURES	11/1	12/2	2	12.12	
2. EXISTING USABLE FACILITIES (other than listed below)	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	
3. NEW ROAD CONSTRUCTION OR IMPROVEMENT (minimal)	4				
4. GROUND SURFACE STABILITY		3			
5. ACCESS TO EXISTING ROAD NETWORK	4				
6. VEGETATION (minimal construction impact)	4		-		
7. SLOPE (grade) SITE (minimal)	4				
8. SLOPE (grade) ENTRANCE ROAD (minimal)	4			100002	
9. ACCESS (easily reached)	4	-		10.770	
10. SHALLOW GROUND WATER (maximum distance from)		• • •	2	114102	
11. PROBABLE UNDEVELOPED POTABLE WELL WATER	4				·
12. PROXIMITY TO EXISTING POTABLE WELL WATER			2	10000	
13. PROXIMITY TO EXISTING ELECTRICAL SERVICE LINES	4			10000	
14. PROXIMITY TO EXISTING TELEPHONE SERVICE LINES	4			1 1000	
15. PERCOLATION (test results)	N	N	N	N	
16. SITE DRAINAGE		3			
17. SHADE			-	1	
18. ADDITIONAL LAND ACQUISITIONS NEEDED (minimal)	4				
19. SITE SIZE (adequate)		3			
20. VISIBILITY (easily found, seen)	4				
21. DISTURBANCE TO ADJACENT LANDOWNERS (minimal)	1		2		
22. AESTHETICS (view, etc.)		3			
23. ECOLOGICAL DISTURBANCE (minimal)	4				
NOTE: Enter evaluation number in appropriate box TOTALS N = Not Evaluated N/A = Not Applicable	69	12   GR	AND T	OTAL	

DPOR High Priority Need Activities by Region - 1981 SCORP

OPOR Administrative Pecion		North		Metro			South				We	it	2.2.4.0
State Planning Region	1	2	12	3	4	5	6	7	13	8	9	10	11
Picnicking Swimming > - Developed Camping	* * *	* * *	* *	***	*	o in o in o io	619 619 61	茶茶茶	IT .	* * *	**	**	**
Fishing Hiking Nature Study	*	*	**	**	***	hier bagn eile	ousin oris um	*	IF	*	*	* *	* *
Bicycling Bk. Ctry. Camping Waterskiing	*	* *	*	*	*	to" Prong	Casi A'^ I	*	ar od		*	5	*
Lake Boating Horseback Riding Hunting	*		茶	0.060	poziv C ( P )	t re	200.00	1 100 12 52	31	*		2.100	*

Source: 1981 Colorado Outdoor Recreation Plan (SCORP)

### SCORP Identified Activity Needs

The State Comprehensive Outdoor Recreation Plan (SCORP) is a planning implementation tool developed in 1965 with the enactment of the federal Land and Water Conservation Fund Program. The SCORP's function is to assess statewide outdoor recreation issues and needs, and to develop agency roles, responsibilities and strategies for resolving them. Responsibility for preparation of the SCORP for Colorado rests with the Division. It should be noted that, while the responsibility for the preparation of the SCORP rests with the Division, the document's recommendations are not listed according to Division priorities. Therefore, the Division must evaluate SCORP's recommendations against all Division priorities to determine which ones it has the ability to carry out. The following table summarizes the activities that, through the SCORP planning process, the Division was recommended to focus priorities on for making direct provision of additional recreational opportunities. The activities identified are those that most significantly receive greater public use than the current state planning region recreational facilities can accommodate.

### REVISIONS

8/26/85

PAGE(S)	REVISION	REASON
Cover	Title: "Proposed Development Plan" changed to read "Development Plan"	Parks Board approved plan
Cover Title 27	Title: "Mueller Property" changed to read "Mueller State Park"	Parks Board Action-Nov.16,1984
Title	"Presented to" changed to read "Approved by".	Parks Board . Action-Nov.16,1984
Table of contents	Added: "Revisions63"	Revisions page added
23	Item #7 cost revised from \$353,600.00 to \$317,000.00	Cost adjustment
23	Deleted: Item #13	Funds not appropriated. Land trade feasible.
24	Withdrawn: Proposed Development/ Cost Schedule	Outdated
24	Added: Mueller Budget Request	New Budget Request Developed
27	"Proposed Park Development Plan" changed to read "Park Development Plan"	Parks Board Approved Plan
27	Added: Recreational Trails Plan (page 27a)"	To reference added page
27a	Added: Recreational Trails Plan	Recently Developed
63	Added: <u>Revisions</u> page	To record revisions
26	Added as item #2 "The Recreation- al Trails Plan (page 27a)." Subsequent numbers adjusted.	Page 27a added, list revised.

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