

CHILD HEALTH PLAN PLUS IN COLORADO:

Covering kids and pregnant women

Child Health Plan *Plus* (CHP+) is public low-cost health insurance for kids and pregnant women whose families earn too much to qualify for Health First Colorado (Colorado's Medicaid Program), but not enough to pay for private insurance.

CHP+ Eligibility

CHP+ Members

Colorado children age 18 and under and pregnant women up to 60 days postpartum \$25-\$105

annual enrollment fee

Enrollment fees vary by household size and income. CHP+ prenatal women and American Indian and Alaska Native members do not have to pay an annual enrollment fee.

MEMBERS

cannot have
Health First Colorado
OR

other health insurance

INCOME LIMITS

143%-260%

Federal Poverty Level (up to \$5,330/month for a family of four)

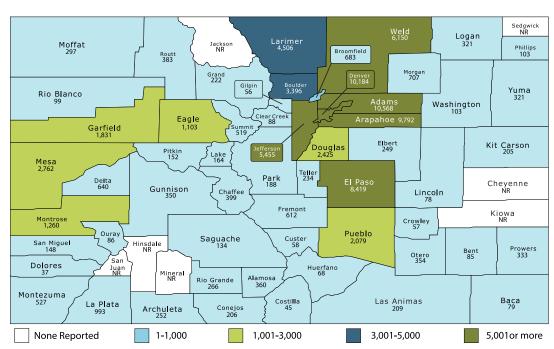
Who CHP+ Serves

CHP+ members in 2019

80,927 children age 18 and under

951 prenatal women

CHP+ Kids by County in Colorado: 2018-2019 fiscal year



NR = The number is too small to be reportable per federal privacy rules.

What is Covered















Dental Care



Primary Care



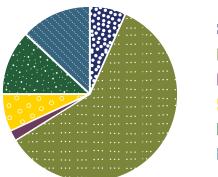
Maternity Care (prenatal, delivery and 60 days postpartum) Some services may have a small co-pay with a 5% limit of family's adjusted gross income.

How CHP+ Works



CHP+ works with Managed Care Organizations (MCOs) to provide medical care. Each MCO has a network of providers. Members are enrolled in an MCO based on their county of residence.

CHP+ Enrollment by MCO



- State Managed Care Network
- CO Access
- Friday Health Plans
- Denver Health
- Kaiser
- Rocky Mountain Health Plans

Federally funded

88%

Through the Affordable Care Act (ACA), the federal match rate for the CHP+ program in CO increased from 65% to 88%. This enhanced rate will revert to 65% gradually by federal 2021 fiscal year. Federal funding for CHP+ is guaranteed through the federal 2027 fiscal year.

Uninsured Rates in Colorado

CHP+ has played an important role in providing insurance coverage and access to health care for children and pregnant women since 1997. Children without health insurance coverage are less likely than insured children to have a regular health care provider and to receive care when they need it. They are also more likely to begin receiving treatment after their condition has worsened, putting them at greater risk of hospitalization. Having health insurance can protect families from financial devastation when a child experiences a serious or chronic illness and can help children remain healthy, active and in school.¹



7.9%



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Percentage of Uninsured Individuals 18 and Under in 2019³

4.3%

For more information on the CHP+ Program visit: www.colorado.gov/hcpf/child-health-plan-plus