

# COLORADO

GENERAL ASSEMBLY

Highway Legislation Review Committee

Legislative Council Research Publication No. 371

November 1992

### **RECOMMENDATIONS FOR 1993**

## HIGHWAY LEGISLATION REVIEW COMMITTEE

Report to the Colorado General Assembly

Research Publication No. 371 November 1992

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November 13, 1992

To Members of the Fifty-Ninth Colorado General Assembly:

Submitted herewith is the final report for the Highway Legislative Review Committee. The committee was reconstituted pursuant to section 43-2-145, C.R.S. (Senate Bill 36, 1986 Session). The purpose of the committee is "to give guidance and direction to the state Department of Highways [now the Department of Transportation] in the development of the state system of highways, and to provide legislative overview of and input into such development..."

At its meeting on October 15, the Legislative Council reviewed this report. A motion to forward the report and the recommendations of the Highway Legislative Review Committee was approved.

Respectfully submitted,

Senator Ted Strickland Chair Colorado Legislative Council

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## HIGHWAY LEGISLATION REVIEW COMMITTEE

#### **Members of the Committee**

Senator Bonnie Allison, Chair Representative Jeanne Faatz, Vice Chair Senator Sam Cassidy Senator Al Meiklejohn Representative Guillermo DeHerrera Representative Lewis Entz Peter Kenney
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## HIGHWAY LEGISLATION REVIEW COMMITTEE

## Statutory Authority and Responsibility

The Highway Legislation Review Committee (HLRC) was originally established in 1953 as part of the legislative reorganization of the state highway system which restructured the relationship among state highway, county road, and municipal street systems (section 43-2-101, C.R.S.). The committee's original charge was to review the implementation and impact of these new highway systems. Committee members at that time were appointed by the governor every five years and included eight members of the General Assembly and seven non-legislative members "from such highway advisory groups as the governor shall select." Currently, the committee is composed of six members of the General Assembly (three from the House and three from the Senate) and five citizen members appointed by the governor.

The HLRC was reconstituted in 1986 "to give guidance and direction to the state Department of Highways in the development of the state system of highways and to provide legislative overview of and input into such development." This mandate included consultation with experts in highway construction and planning, review of the Department of Highway's (now the Department of Transportation) operations and projects, review of department performance audits, and recommendations concerning the financing of roads and mass transit in the state. The committee's oversight responsibility has been expanded in recent years to include: the activities of public highway authorities (section 43-4-501, C.R.S.); the privatization of bus routes by the Regional Transportation District (RTD) (section 32-9-119.5(8), C.R.S.); and the review and recodification of state traffic laws as required by House Bill 91-1106 (section 43-2-145.5, C.R.S.). The committee also has statutory responsibility to study such diverse topics as: RTD's farebox recovery ratio; utilization of high-occupancy vehicle highway lanes; and the operation of state bicycle safety laws. In 1990, the General Assembly repealed the HLRC sunset provision and added the requirement that the committee meet at least once a year.

## Committee Recommendations

The committee met for five days during the 1992 interim. The transportation issues reviewed by the committee were selected due to a statutory charge to HLRC, a relationship to a federal mandate, or the interests of one or more committee members. The following items were considered.

- the impact of the recently enacted federal Intermodal Surface Transportation Efficiency Act on the state of Colorado;
- the current operating budget of the RTD and the status of RTD mass transit planning. Also discussed, were the potential effects of the 1991 Colorado Supreme Court decision in RTD v. Colorado Department of Labor and Employment;
- progress reports from the Traffic Law Advisory Committee on traffic law recodification efforts pursuant to H.B. 91-1106;
- the Annual Report of the E-470 Public Highway Authority and the final Annual Report of the W-470 Public Highway Authority;
- the status report on current and future surface access projects for the Denver International Airport;
- transportation needs created by the establishment of limited gaming in Central City, Black Hawk, and Cripple Creek;
- recommendations from the Joint Legislative Sunrise and Sunset Review Committee for future study by the HLRC; and
- the CDOT <u>Bus Regulatory Study for the State of Colorado</u> (as per H.B. 91-1198).

The HLRC reviewed legislation proposed by the state's Department of Transportation, the Motor Vehicle Division, the Division of Ports of Entry, and the Colorado State Patrol. These agencies submitted the bills summarized below.

#### **Duties of Drivers in Accidents - Bill 1**

Bill 1 requires drivers involved in a non-injury accident on a divided highway to move the vehicle to a suitable location before fulfilling the requirements to give notice, information, and aid to other drivers involved in the accident. The bill contains a three-year repeal provision.

Bill 1 is based on a recommendation from the Colorado Incident Management Coalition. The bill will contribute to a reduction of traffic hazards, congestion, and secondary accidents by instructing drivers to move their vehicles from the highway following an accident. This removal of vehicles from the highway will help the State Patrol and the Colorado Department of Transportation (CDOT) maintain steady traffic flow, thereby reducing traffic delays and increasing driver safety.

#### Removal of Highway Obstructions - Bill 2

Bill 2 authorizes CDOT and the State Patrol to remove from the highway any vehicle, cargo, or personal property involved in an accident, and provides these agencies with immunity from civil damage claims related to executing these duties. A three-year repeal provision is included.

Bill 2 is designed as a companion to Bill 1 and is also a product of the Colorado Incident Management Coalition (CIMC). The expanded authority of CDOT and the State Patrol to clear hazards following a traffic incident (e.g., spilled cargo, overturned vehicles) will result in their improved efficiency when responding to incidents and in a reduction of highway congestion. As noted by the CIMC, traffic incidents are responsible for 50 to 70 percent of all highway motorists' delays, and each additional minute of lane blockage results in an additional 4 to 5 minutes of congestion.

#### Threshold for Bidding on Public Projects - Bill 3

Bill 3 requires all state government agencies proposing to construct a public project costing in excess of \$150,000 to bid against private contractors. The bill raises the current threshold of \$50,000 beyond which state agencies must prepare cost estimates and competitively bid for public construction projects.

Bill 3 enables CDOT to further utilize its in-house resources for certain highway maintenance and preservation work (e.g., minor asphalt overlays, surface sealing, and restoration). Small scale projects of this nature may not require the full construction capabilities of private contractors, yet since they often cost more than \$50,000, CDOT is required to open such projects to private bidding. Under Bill 3, the state may realize savings because CDOT will not incur the administrative costs of bid preparation for projects costing \$50,000 to \$150,000. According to CDOT, materials and supplies needed for CDOT in-house projects will continue to be purchased from private vendors. (Colorado law provides a similar bidding threshold of \$150,000 for Colorado counties and cities with populations over 30,000.)

#### Motor Vehicle Division Records - Bill 4

Bill 4 clarifies the procedures used by the Department of Revenue to certify motor vehicle records used in court actions. The bill provides the director of the department with the option of designating an appointee to certify such records. The bill specifies information to be contained on the cover page of certified records and that only the cover page of a record must be certified rather than each page. Bill 4 allows a certified record to include only those pages of a document that are relevant to the trial or hearing.

The purpose of Bill 4 is to promote greater efficiency (i.e., time savings and reduced paperwork) in the certification of motor vehicle records submitted for court action. In addition, the department believes that simplifying the process of record certification will lead to fewer errors, and consequently will result in fewer case dismissals due to technical violations of record certification guidelines.

#### Port of Entry Weigh Stations - Bill 5

Bill 5 expands current law as it pertains to the authority of port of entry personnel in three manners. First, the bill will allow all port of entry personnel to enforce driver's license statutes. At this time, only port personnel trained as commercial vehicle safety inspectors can enforce commercial driver's license standards. This provision will enable all ports officers to ticket drivers in violation of driver's license statutes. Presently, untrained ports personnel can be required to detain a driver until a trained safety inspector or a state patrol officer can arrive at the port to respond to the driver's violation.

Second, the bill permits the Trinidad Port of Entry, which is operated jointly by Colorado and New Mexico, to display the New Mexico state flag along with the Colorado state flag to denote the Port's joint operating status.

Third, Bill 5 grants port personnel the following police officer duties when repsonding to an unlawfully loaded vehicle: to stop the vehicle, weigh it, and if not in compliance with the law, detain, unload, and/or impound it. Currently, port personnel have peace officer status, and as peace officers are already authorized to enforce each of these measures except the unloading of vehicles. The Division of Ports of Entry reported to the HLRC that Bill 5 in its current form does not represent the intent of the division. Rather than acquiring police powers for its personnel, the division seeks an expansion of its current peace powers to include the enforcement of vehicle unloading.

#### **Driver's License Restrictions - Bill 6**

Bill 6 provides that the Department of Revenue can issue one notice of suspension to a driver whose license has been suspended for multiple offenses, if the multiple sentences are being served concurrently. The bill does not alter the length of sentences.

Bill 6 clarifies department policy for concurrent and consecutive driver's license suspensions imposed for certain motor vehicle violations. A driver's license suspension or denial imposed because of a point accumulation is to run concurrently with a license revocation or denial imposed due to an offense contributing to that point accumulation. The bill stipulates that a license revocation imposed on a habitual offender shall run concurrently with a license revocation for multiple alcohol- or drug-related offenses if

both license revocations are based on the same offense. However, a habitual offender's license revocation shall run consecutively with a license revocation for refusal to submit to alcohol and drug testing.

The purpose of Bill 6 is to reduce the number of notices which the Department of Revenue serves to persons convicted of certain offenses. Presently, the department serves a notice for each offense leading to license suspension which may cause confusion for the offender and create extra expense for the department. The department believes that serving one notice, instead of multiple notices, will reduce paperwork and eliminate duplication of effort.

#### Municipal Traffic Law Violations - Bill 7

Bill 7 defines "municipalities" and identifies municipal ordinances that, if they substantially conform to the statutory provisions of this state, are to be enforced by the state under its habitual-offender statute. Under current state law, "habitual offenders" are drivers having three or more of the following state convictions within a period of seven years: 1) driving under the influence; 2) reckless driving; 3) driving with a suspended, revoked, or denied license; or 4) knowingly, falsely affirming to a matter required by the motor vehicle law.

Bill 7 will strengthen the state's habitual-offender statute by expanding its jurisdiction to include state and municipal violations. For example, under Bill 7, an individual having two state convictions and one municipal conviction of any of the four noted offenses within seven years would qualify as a habitual-offender. Under current law, this driver would be below the state threshold of three state convictions in a seven-year period and would not be prosecuted as a habitual offender.

#### Driver's License Revocation Hearings - Bill 8

Bill 8 allows a hearing officer to reschedule hearings involving the charge of driving under the influence (DUI) beyond the sixty-day period during which a hearing must initially be scheduled. In addition, the bill permits law enforcement officers to reschedule hearings if an officer is unavailable due to medical reasons, a law enforcement emergency, a conflict in court or hearing schedules, or any other legitimate cause.

Bill 8 allows the sixty-day period to begin when a request for a hearing is received by the Motor Vehicle Division central office, rather than on the day it is filed by a respondent. Drivers ticketed for driving under the influence must request a hearing within seven days at any Motor Vehicle Division office. Such requests for hearings are forwarded to the division's central office in Denver.

The purpose of Bill 8 is twofold. First, by permitting an extension of the sixty-day period for DUI hearings, the occurrence of case dismissals caused by the unavailability of officers is reduced. Second, respondents occasionally provide the division with fraudulent addresses which delay the serving of a court notice to appear in court. By authorizing the sixty-day period to begin on the day the division's central office receives the request for hearing, Bill 8 gives the department a complete sixty-day period in which to discover and correct a fraudulent address, serve notice to a respondent, and schedule a hearing.

#### Traffic Law Recodification - Bill 9

Bill 9 extends the HLRC's traffic law recodification reporting deadline from January 1, 1993, to January 1, 1994. The final report will be based on the recodification effort currently being conducted by the Traffic Law Advisory Committee. The recodification centralizes the traffic code in Title 42, C.R.S. The one-year extension will allow for circulation of the recodification draft legislation (which is over 800 pages in length) to interested persons and agencies for review.

The recodification is authorized by H.B. 91-1106 which specifies:

In addition to any other duties, the committee shall study any necessary revisions to the traffic law. The committee shall consider inconsistencies in the traffic law statutes, technical difficulties in the enforcement of the traffic law, the establishment of consistent and understandable procedures for traffic enforcement, and the formation of a traffic law structure which shall be easily understood and applied by the judiciary, the law enforcement community, and the public. It is the intent of the General Assembly that the committee review the Colorado traffic laws and make recommendations to the General Assembly concerning the recodification of such laws.

The Traffic Law Advisory Committee includes volunteer representation from: the Motor Vehicle Division; the Colorado District Attorneys' Council; County Sheriffs of Colorado; the Colorado Insurance Coalition; the Colorado Municipal League; Colorado Counties, Inc.; the Colorado State Patrol; the Colorado Department of Transportation; the Office of Legislative Legal Services; and the Colorado Judicial Department. The Advisory Committee is coordinated by the Office of the State Court Administrator.

#### Reclassification of Traffic Offenses - HLRC Bill 10

Bill 10 reclassifies certain misdemeanor traffic offenses, and petty offenses to either class A or class B traffic infractions. By reclassifying these violations as infractions, they become civil offenses instead of criminal offenses. -Civil offenses do

not involve jury trials, nor the issuance of warrants for failure to appear in court or failure to pay a fine. Class A offenses involve fines of \$10 to \$100, class B offenses involve \$5 to \$100 fines. Bill 10 is a partial representation of the Traffic Law Advisory Committee's recodification effort (per H.B. 91-1106), and serves as a preliminary step in simplifying the traffic code and improving its consistency. Bill 10:

- makes all careless driving violations class A traffic infractions, except those resulting in \$1,000 or more property damage, or accidental bodily injury or death;
- reclassifies misdemeanor traffic offenses involving hazardous materials transportation permits to class B traffic infractions;
- reclassifies class 1 misdemeanors for use of noncommercial or recreational vehicles for cargo or passenger transport to class B traffic infractions;
- changes the following class 2 misdemeanor traffic offenses to class B traffic infractions: vehicle registration violations; width, loads, height, and length violations; trailer and towed vehicle violations; highway use restriction violations; liability for highway damage violations; and offenses related to interference with official devices;
- changes class 2 misdemeanor traffic offenses regarding the following to class A traffic infractions: emergency vehicle violations; railroad crossing violations; failure to yield to handicapped persons; following too closely; offenses related to runaway vehicle ramps; air pollution control system violations; and offenses related to persons controlling vehicles;
- reclassifies certain violations involving the use of lights or signals by volunteer firemen and volunteer ambulance attendants from class 3 misdemeanors to class B traffic infractions; and
- changes the class 2 petty offense involving handicapped parking privileges to a class B traffic infraction.

Bill 10 also adds certain of these reclassified violations to the penalties and surcharge schedule. The goal of the advisory committee has been to make the net effect of the bill as revenue neutral as possible, per the requirements of H.B. 91-1106.

#### Other Committee Activities

#### **Denver International Airport Access Resolution**

The Highway Legislation Review Committee issued a resolution to the Colorado Transportation Commission, the Executive Director of the Department of Transportation, and each member of the General Assembly. The resolution states that surface access to the Denver International Airport (DIA) from all geographic areas of the state is of vital importance to the state's economy and to the success of the new airport. The resolution urges the continued efforts of the DIA Access Task Force and the cooperation of all affected local governments in expediting short-, mid-, and long-range surface access projects. The Task Force consists of federal, municipal, and county agencies, and is coordinated by the Colorado Department of Transportation.

#### Sunrise and Sunset Review Committee Recommendations to the HLRC

Based on the Department of Regulatory Agency's 1992 Sunset Review of the Public Utilities Commission, the Sunrise and Sunset Review Committee issued two recommendations to the HLRC. The first recommendation proposed a study of the consolidation of administrative functions pertaining to transportation regulation as conducted by the Departments of Transportation, Regulatory Agencies, Revenue, and the Division of State Patrol. The HLRC requested that the executive officers of these departments create an ad hoc committee to explore the merits of such a study. It was requested that the committee's findings be reported to the HLRC following the 1993 legislative session.

The second recommendation suggested that the HLRC review the Colorado Nuclear Materials Transportation Act of 1986 to ensure its conformity with the U.S. Hazardous Materials Transportation Act. The HLRC found that the Colorado act may have been preempted by the federal act, and it requested that the Office of Legislative Legal Services draft legislation in anticipation of bringing the Colorado statute into compliance with the federal law.

#### Materials Available

The materials listed below are available upon request from the Legislative Council staff.

- 1) The four Highway Legislation Review Committee meeting summaries of the 1992 interim (June 23, August 13-14, September 14, and September 28).
- 2) The Legislative Council staff Memorandum 1, dated June 23, 1992, outlining the origin and charge of the HLRC.
- 3) The Regional Transportation District 1992 Budget Report.
- 4) The Annual Report of the E-470 Public Highway Authority and the final Annual Report of the W-470 Public Highway Authority.
- 5) The Greater Denver Chamber of Commerce report Roadway and Transit Access to the New Denver International Airport (DIA).
- 6) Final Report of the Blackhawk/Central City Gaming Transportation Task Group, as presented by CDOT.
- 7) The Colorado State Patrol's Gaming Activity Report: Nine-month Summary.
- 8) The <u>Bus Regulatory Study for the State of Colorado</u>, a statutorily required CDOT report.
- 9) The HLRC Resolution 92-1 concerning access to the Denver International Airport.

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BY SENATOR Meiklejohn; also REPRESENTATIVE Entz.

#### A BILL FOR AN ACT

CONCERNING THE DUTIES OF A DRIVER INVOLVED IN AN ACCIDENT ON A DIVIDED

HIGHWAY RESULTING ONLY IN DAMAGE TO A VEHICLE.

#### **Bill Summary**

(Note: This summary applies to this bill as introduced and does not necessarily reflect any amendments which may be subsequently adopted.)

Makes an exception to the duty requiring a driver involved in a non-injury accident to remain at the scene of the accident until fulfilling the statutory requirements to give notice, information, and aid. Requires a driver involved in a non-injury accident on a divided highway to move the vehicle to a suitable location to fulfill the statutory requirements to give notice, information, and aid.

Repeals the provision concerning non-injury accidents on divided highways, effective July 1, 1996.

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Colorado:

SECTION 1. 42-4-1402, Colorado Revised Statutes, 1984 Repl. Vol., as atmended, is amended to read:

42-4-1402. Accident involving damage - duty. (1) The driver of any vehicle directly involved in an accident resulting only in damage to a vehicle which is driven or attended by any person shall immediately stop such vehicle at the scene of such accident or as close thereto as possible but shall forthwith IMMEDIATELY return to and in every event shall remain at the scene of such accident, EXCEPT IN

THE CIRCUMSTANCES PROVIDED IN SUBSECTION (2) OF THIS SECTION, until he THE

DRIVER has fulfilled the requirements of section 42-4-1403. Every such stop shall

be made without obstructing traffic more than is necessary. Any person who

violates any provision of this section commits a class 2 misdemeanor traffic

offense.

- (2) (a) WHEN AN ACCIDENT OCCURS ON THE TRAVELED PORTION, MEDIAN, OR RAMP OF A DIVIDED HIGHWAY AND EACH VEHICLE INVOLVED CAN BE SAFELY DRIVEN, EACH DRIVER SHALL MOVE SUCH DRIVER'S VEHICLE AS SOON AS PRACTICABLE OFF THE TRAVELED PORTION, MEDIAN, OR RAMP TO A FRONTAGE ROAD, THE NEAREST SUITABLE CROSS STREET, OR OTHER SUITABLE LOCATION TO FULFILL THE REQUIREMENTS OF SECTION 42-4-1403.
  - (b) THIS SUBSECTION (2) IS REPEALED, EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 1996.
- (3) Any person who violates any provision of this section commits a class 2 misdemeanor traffic offense.

SECTION 2. Effective date - applicability. This act shall take effect

July 1, 1993, and shall apply to offenses committed on or after said date.

SECTION 3. Safety clause. The general assembly hereby finds, determines, and declares that this act is necessary for the immediate preservation of the public peace, health, and safety.

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| 1 | STATE.  |
|---|---|
| 2 | (b) "VEHICULAR INCIDENT" MEANS ANY VEHICLE ACCIDENT,                |
| 3 | BREAKDOWN, OR SPILL THAT RESULTS IN ANY VEHICLE, CARGO, OR PERSONAL |
| 4 | PROPERTY BLOCKING OR IMPEDING THE HIGHWAY OR RIGHT-OF-WAY.          |
| 5 | (3) THE COLORADO DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION AND THE               |

- (3) THE COLORADO DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION AND THE COLORADO STATE PATROL MAY, WITHOUT THE CONSENT OF THE OWNER OF ANY VEHICLE, CARGO, OR OTHER PERSONAL PROPERTY INVOLVED IN A VEHICULAR INCIDENT, OR THE CARRIER, IF ANY, REMOVE SUCH VEHICLE, CARGO, OR PERSONAL PROPERTY FROM THE HIGHWAY OR RIGHT-OF-WAY UNDER CIRCUMSTANCES IN WHICH, AS DETERMINED BY THE DEPARTMENT OR THE STATE PATROL, SUCH VEHICLE, CARGO, OR PERSONAL PROPERTY IS BLOCKING THE HIGHWAY OR RIGHT-OF-WAY, OR MAY OTHERWISE BE ENDANGERING PUBLIC SAFETY.
- (4) NOTWITHSTANDING ANY PROVISION OF LAW TO THE CONTRARY, THE COLORADO DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION AND ITS OFFICERS AND EMPLOYEES AND THE COLORADO STATE PATROL AND ITS OFFICERS AND EMPLOYEES SHALL NOT BE LIABLE FOR ANY CIVIL DAMAGES FOR ACTS OR OMISSIONS MADE IN GOOD FAITH AS A RESULT OF THE REMOVAL OR DISPOSAL OF ANY VEHICLE, CARGO, OR PERSONAL PROPERTY INVOLVED IN A VEHICULAR INCIDENT FROM A HIGHWAY OR RIGHT-OF-WAY, UNLESS SUCH REMOVAL OR DISPOSAL WAS CARRIED OUT IN A WILLFUL AND WANTON MANNER.
- (5) THE COLORADO DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION AND THE OFFICERS AND EMPLOYEES AND THE COLORADO STATE PATROL AND THE OFFICERS

1 AND EMPLOYEES SHALL NOT BE LIABLE FOR ANY CIVIL DAMAGES AS A RESULT OF 2 THE FAILURE TO EXERCISE ANY AUTHORITY GRANTED UNDER THIS SECTION.

- (6) THE OWNER OF ANY VEHICLE, CARGO, OR PERSONAL PROPERTY SUBJECT TO THIS SECTION, AND THE CARRIER, IF ANY, SHALL BE RESPONSIBLE FOR REIMBURSING THE DEPARTMENT AND THE STATE PATROL FOR THE COSTS OF THE REMOVAL AND SUBSEQUENT DISPOSITION OF SUCH VEHICLE, CARGO, OR PERSONAL PROPERTY.
  - (7) ANY VEHICLE, CARGO, OR PERSONAL PROPERTY INVOLVED IN A VEHICULAR INCIDENT WHICH IS BELIEVED OR KNOWN TO CONTAIN HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCES SHALL BE SUBJECT TO THE PROVISIONS GOVERNING EMERGENCY RESPONSE TO HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE INCIDENTS UNDER PART 1 OF ARTICLE 22 OF TITLE 29, C.R.S.
  - (8) Nothing in this section shall be construed to abrogate or limit the sovereign immunity granted to public entities pursuant to article 10 of title 24, C.R.S., the "Colorado Governmental Immunity Act".
- (9) This section is repealed, effective July 1, 1996.
- SECTION 2. 24-10-106 (1) (d) (I), Colorado Revised Statutes, 1988

  Repl. Vol., as amended, is amended to read:
- 24-10-106. Immunity and partial waiver. (1) A public entity shall be immune from liability in all claims for injury which lie in tort or could lie in tort regardless of whether that may be the type of action or the form of relief chosen by the Gaimant except as provided otherwise in this section. Sovereign immunity

HLRC BILL 2

is waived by a public entity in an action for injuries resulting from:

| (d) (I) A dangerous condition of a public highway, road, or street which            |
|---|
| physically interferes with the movement of traffic on the paved portion, if paved,  |
| or on the portion customarily used for travel by motor vehicles, if unpaved, of any |
| public highway, road, street, or sidewalk within the corporate limits of any        |
| municipality, or of any highway which is a part of the federal interstate highway   |
| system or the federal primary highway system, or of any highway which is a part     |
| of the federal secondary highway system, or of any highway which is a part of the   |
| state highway system on that portion of such highway, road, street, or sidewalk     |
| which was designed and intended for public travel or parking thereon; EXCEPT        |
| THAT A DANGEROUS CONDITION DOES NOT INCLUDE THE ACTION OR INACTION OF               |
| PUBLIC EMPLOYEES ENGAGING IN THE REMOVAL OF VEHICULAR INCIDENTS                     |
| PURSUANT TO THE PROVISIONS OF SECTION 13-21-108.7, C.R.S. As used in this           |
| section, the phrase "physically interferes with the movement of traffic" shall not  |
| include traffic signs, signals, or markings, or the lack thereof. Nothing in this   |
| subparagraph (I) shall preclude a particular dangerous accumulation of snow, ice,   |
| sand, or gravel from being found to constitute a dangerous condition in the surface |
| of a public roadway when the entity fails to use existing means available to it for |
| removal or mitigation of such accumulation and when the public entity had actual    |
| notice through the proper public official responsible for the roadway and had a     |
| reasonable time to act  |

- SECTION 3. Safety clause. The general assembly hereby finds, determines, and declares that this act is necessary for the immediate preservation of the jublic peace, health, and safety.
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| BY | Highway | Legislation | Review | Committee |
|----|---------|-------------|--------|-----------|
|----|---------|-------------|--------|-----------|

#### A BILL FOR AN ACT

| CONCERNING | AN   | INCREASE  | IN THE | ESTIN | MATED | DOLL | AR T | HRESHO | LD | BEYONE |
|------------|------|-----------|--------|-------|-------|------|------|--------|----|--------|
|            |      |           |        |       |       |      | -    |        |    |        |
| WH         | ICH  | GOVERNMEN | NT AGI | NCIES | MUST  | BID  | FOR  | WORK   | ON | PUBLIC |
|            |      |           |        |       | •     |      |      |        |    |        |
| PRO        | JECT | rs.       |        |       |       |      |      |        |    |        |

#### Bill Summary

(Note: This summary applies to this bill as introduced and does not necessarily reflect any amendments which may be subsequently adopted.)

Increases from \$50,000 to \$150,000 the estimated dollar threshold beyond which government agencies are required to prepare cost estimates and bid against private bidders for work on public projects.

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Colorado:

SECTION 1. 24-92-102 (8), Colorado Revised Statutes, 1988 Repl.

Vol., is amended to read:

' 24-92-102. Definitions. (8) "Public project" means any construction, alteration, repair, demolition, or improvement of any land, building, structure, facility, road, highway, bridge, or other public improvement suitable for and intended for use in the promotion of the public health, welfare, or safety and any maintenance programs for the upkeep of such projects; except that "public project" does not include any project for which appropriation or expenditure of funds may

2 aggregate for any fiscal year. 3 SECTION 2. 24-92-109 (1), Colorado Revised Statutes, 1988 Repl. 4 Vol., is amended to read: 5 24-92-109. Agency of government to submit cost estimate. 6 (1) Whenever an agency of government proposes to undertake the construction of 7 a public project, reasonably expected to cost in excess of ONE HUNDRED fifty 8 thousand dollars, by any means or method other than by a contract awarded by 9 competitive bid, it shall prepare and submit a cost estimate in the same manner as 10 other bidders. Such agency of government itself may not undertake the proposed 11 project unless it shows the lowest cost estimate.

be reasonably expected not to exceed ONE HUNDRED fifty thousand dollars in the

SECTION 3. Effective date. This act shall take effect July 1, 1993.

SECTION 4. Safety clause. The general assembly hereby finds, determines, and declares that this act is necessary for the immediate preservation of the public peace, health, and safety.

| documents of the state of Colorado, as defined in subparagraph (I) of this | pazagraph (c), attested by the executive director of the department or his deput | and accompanied by a certificate bearing the official seal for the department tha | the executive director or his deputy has custody of said records or which record | and documents each contain a stamp of such attestation and bear the official sea | of the department or a stamped or printed facsimile of such seal, including any | mechanically or electronically reproduced copy of any such record or document | shall be admissible in all municipal, county, and district courts within the state of | Colorado without further foundation, and shall be a statutory exception EXCEPTION | to rule 802 of the Colorado rules of evidence, and shall constitute prima facie proof | of the information contained therein, IF SUCH RECORD OR DOCUMENT IS  | ACCOMPANIED BY A CERTIFICATE STATING THAT THE EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR OF THE                                  | DEPARTMENT OR THE EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR'S APPOINTEE HAS CUSTODY OF SUCH | RECORD OR DOCUMENT AND IS ACCOMPANIED BY AND ATTACHED TO A COVE  | PAGE WHICH:   | (A) SPECIFIES THE NUMBER OF PAGES, EXCLUSIVE OF SUCH COVER | PAGE, WHICH CONSTITUTES THE RECORD OR DOCUMENT BEING SUBMITTED; AND | (B) Bears the signature of the executive director of the          | DEPARTMENT OR THE EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR'S APPOINTEE ATTESTING TO THE | GENUINENESS OF SUCH RECORD OR DOCUMENT; AND | (C) BEARS THE OFFICIAL SEAL OF THE DEPARTMENT OR A STAMPED OR | PRINTED FACSIMILE OF SUCH SEAL.                | (III) FOR PURPOSES OF SUBPARAGRAPH (II) OF THIS PARAGRAPH (c),                   |
|--|--|---|--|--|---|---|---|---|---|--|--|--|--|---|--|---|---|---|---|---|--|--|
| yord   | 2  | ю   | 4  | <b>S</b>   | 9   | 7   | 60  | •   | 10  | 11   | 12   | 13   | 7  | 15  | 16   | 17  | 18  | 19  | 20  | 21  | 23   | 23   |
| HOUSE BILL 93-   |  |   |  | AN ACT   | RDS OF THE MOTOR VEHICLE DIVISION   | E HEARSAY RULE OF EVIDENCE WHEN   | INTRODUCED AS EVIDENCE IN CERTAIN COLORADO COURTS OF LAW.                             |   |   | (Note: This summary applies to this bill as introduced and does not ly reflect any amendments which may be subsequently adopted.)      | ed by the motor vehicle division in  | of the department of revenue or the                                  | ne executive director or the executive artified records be accompanied by a final Provides that a certified payord   | ified in  | n propared.  | e State of Colorado:  | SECTION 1. 42-2-118 (2) (c) (II), Colorado Revised Statutes, 1984 | the said 42-2-118 (2) (c) is further                              | OF THE FOLLOWING NEW                        |   | by the department - admission of               | or hearing, all official records and   |
| LLS NO. 93-0091.01 DLC   | BY REPRESENTATIVE Faat7:   | also SENATOR Cassidy.   |  | A BILL FOR AN ACT  | CONCERNING THE REQUIREMENTS FOR RECORDS OF THE MOTOR                            | TO QUALIFY AS EXCEPTIONS TO THE HEARSAY RULE O                                | INTRODUCED AS EVIDENCE IN CER   | Bill G  |   | (Note: This summary applies to this bill as introduced and does necessarily reflect any amendments which may be subsequently adopted.) | Clarifies the procedures to be used by the motor vertifiing the suthembirity of motors validate seconds. | may be certified by the executive director of the department         | executive arrector is appointed to rainer than the executive arrector of the executive director's "deputy". Requires that such certified records be accompanied by a cover name that arravides executed information. Drovides that a certified covered | need not include the entire document if the portion certified includes all material |  | Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Colorado:     | ' SECTION 1. 42-2-118 (2) (c) (I                                  | Repl. Vol., as amended, is amended, and the said 42-2-118         | amended BY THE ADDITION O                   | SUBPARAGRAPHS, to read:                                       | 42-2-118. Records to be kept by the department | records in court. (2) (c) (II) In any trial or hearing, all official records and |
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| "OFFICIAL RECORDS AND DOCUMENTS" SHALL INCLUDE ANY MECHANICALLY OR                 |
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| ELECTRONICALLY REPRODUCED COPY, PHOTOGRAPH, OR PRINTOUT OF ANY                     |
| RECORD OR DOCUMENT OR ANY PORTION OF ANY RECORD OR DOCUMENT FILED                  |
| WITH, MAINTAINED BY, OR PREPARED BY THE DEPARTMENT PURSUANT TO THIS                |
| PARAGRAPH (c).   |
| (IV) FOR PURPOSES OF SUBPARAGRAPH (II) OF THIS PARAGRAPH (C), A                    |
| RECORD OR DOCUMENT SHALL NOT BE REQUIRED TO INCLUDE EVERY PAGE OF A                |
| RECORD OR DOCUMENT FILED WITH, MAINTAINED BY, OR PREPARED BY THE                   |
| DEPARTMENT PURSUANT TO THIS PARAGRAPH (c) TO BE AN OFFICIAL RECORD OR              |
| DOCUMENT, IF SUCH OFFICIAL RECORD OR DOCUMENT INCLUDES ALL OF THOSE                |
| PORTIONS OF SUCH RECORD OR DOCUMENT RELEVANT TO THE TRIAL OR HEARING               |
| FOR WHICH IT IS PREPARED.  |
| SECTION 2. Effective date. This act shall take effect July 1, 1993.                |
| SECTION 3. Safety clause. The general assembly hereby finds,                       |
| determines, and declares that this act is necessary for the immediate preservation |
| of the public peace, health, and safety.   |

THEY SHALL NOT HAVE THE POWER TO SERVE CIVIL WRITS AND PROCESS AND, IN THE EXERCISE OF THEIR DUTIES, SUCH PERSONNEL SHALL HAVE THE AUTHORITY TO RESTRAIN AND DETAIN PERSONS OR VEHICLES AND MAY IMPOUND ANY VEHICLE UNTIL ANY TAX OR LICENSE FEE IMPOSED BY LAW IS PAID OR UNTIL COMPLIANCE IS HAD WITH ANY TAX OR REGULATORY LAW OR REGULATION ISSUED SECTION 2. 42-8-104(2), Colorado Revised Statutes, 1984 Repl. Vol., 42-8-104. Powers and duties. (2) The personnel of a port of entry weigh station, during the time that they are actually engaged in performing their duties as such and while acting under proper orders or regulations issued by the executive director of the department of revenue, shall have and exercise all the powers invested in peace officers in connection with the enforcement of the and section 42-4-234 and article 6 of title 43, C.R.S.; except that they shall not provisions of this article, ARTICLE 2 OF THIS TITLE, part 4 of article 4 of this title, have the power to serve civil writs and process and, in the exercise of their duties, such personnel shall have the authority to restrain and detain persons or vehicles and may impound any vehicle until any tax or license fee imposed by law is paid or until compliance is had with any tax or regulatory law or regulation issued SECTION 3. 18-11-205 (4), Colorado Revised Statutes, 1986 Repl. 18-11-205. Unlawful to display flag - exceptions. (4) This section does as amended, is amended to read: Vol., is amended to read: THEREUNDER. thereunder. 64 0 2 11 12 7 15 13 17 19 18 19 ន 22 21 23 HOUSE BILL ST. (Note: This summary applies to this bill as introduced and does not Clarifies that port of entry personnel have the same authority as police officers in enforcing the statute regarding vehicles at port of entry weigh stations. Gives port of entry personnel authority to enforce the statutes regarding drivers' licenses. Permits the flag of the state of New Mexico to be displayed at the SECTION 1. 42-4-408, Colorado Revised Statutes, 1984 Repl. Vol., as amended, is amended BY THE ADDITION OF A NEW SUBSECTION to read: 42-4-408. Vehicles weighed - excess removed. (4) THE PERSONNEL OF Trinidad port of entry, which is jointly operated by Colorado and New Mexico. A PORT OF ENTRY WEIGH STATION, DURING THE TIME THAT THEY ARE ACTUALLY PROPER ORDERS OR REGULATIONS ISSUED BY THE EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR OF THE DEPARTMENT OF REVENUE PURSUANT TO ARTICLE 8 OF THIS TITLE, SHALL HAVE AND EXERCISE ALL THE POWERS INVESTED IN POLICE OFFICERS IN CONNECTION ENGAGED IN PERFORMING THEIR DUTIES AS SUCH AND WHILE ACTING UNDER WITH THE ENFORCEMENT OF THE PROVISIONS OF THIS SECTION, EXCEPT THAT necessarily reflect any amendments which may be subsequently adopted.) Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Colorado: A BILL FOR AN ACT CONCERNING PORT OF ENTRY WEIGH STATIONS. Bill Summary BY REPRESENTATIVE Entz; also SENATOR Meiklejoha. LLS NO. 93-0090.01 MLB 101 9 2 6

displayed to display of the flag of the United Nations or the flag of a foreign nation displayed to identify persons officially representing such foreign nation or the property or premises of the person or nation. Neither does it apply to the display of an appropriate flag upon ceremonial or commemorative occasions proclaimed by the president of the United States, the governor of the state of Colorado, the board of county commissioners of any county, or the mayor or other chief executive officer of a city or town within this state. NEITHER DOES IT APPLY TO THE DISPLAY OF THE FLAG OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF COLORADO AT THE TRINIDAD PORT OF ENTRY WEIGH STATION, IN RECOGNITION OF THE JOINT STATE PORT OPERATION. This subsection (4) shall be an affirmative defense.

SECTION 4. Effective date. This act shall take effect July 1, 1993.

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SECTION 5. Safety clause. The general assembly hereby finds, determines, and declares that this act is necessary for the immediate preservation

15 of the public peace, health, and safety.

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SENATE BILL 33-

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BY SENATOR Cassidy

#### A BILL FOR AN ACT

CONCERNING THE TIME PERIODS DURING WHICH CERTAIN DRIVER'S LICENSE

RESTRICTIONS ARE IMPOSED.

#### **Bill Summary**

(Note: This summary applies to this bill as introduced and does not necessarily reflect any amendments which may be subsequently adopted.)

Directs that a driver's license suspension or denial imposed because of the accumulation of a sufficient number of points shall run concurrently with any driver's license revocation or denial that is based upon any offense that contributed to the point suspension. Directs that any license revocation imposed on an habitual offender shall run concurrently with a revocation for multiple alcohol- or drug-related offenses if both revocations are based on the same convictions. Directs that an habitual offender revocation shall run consecutively with a revocation for refusal to submit to alcohol and drug testing.

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Colorado:

SECTION 1. 42-2-123 (8), Colorado Revised Statutes, 1984 Repl. Vol.,

is amended to read:

42-2-123. Authority to suspend license - to deny license - type of

conviction - points. (8) (a) Except as otherwise provided in PARAGRAPH

(b) OF THIS SUBSECTION (8) OR IN subsection (8.5) of this section, whenever the

(b) of this subsection (c) or in subsection (c.s) of this section, wherever the

department's records show that a licensee has accumulated a sufficient number of

points to be subject to license suspension, the department shall notify such licensee

that a hearing will be held not less than twenty days after the date of such notice to determine whether his THE LICENSEE'S driver's license should be suspended. Such notification shall be given to the licensee in writing by regular mail, addressed to the address of the licensee as shown by the records of the department.

(b) WHEN THE DEPARTMENT'S RECORDS INDICATE THAT A DRIVER HAS ACCUMULATED SUFFICIENT POINTS TO CAUSE A POINT SUSPENSION OR DENIAL PURSUANT TO THE PROVISIONS OF PARAGRAPH (a) OF THIS SUBSECTION (8) AND THE DRIVER'S DRIVING PRIVILEGE HAS BEEN REVOKED OR DENIED IN LIEU OF REVOCATION BASED UPON ANY OFFENSE THAT CONTRIBUTES TO THE POINT SUSPENSION OR DENIAL, THE DEPARTMENT SHALL ORDER THE POINTS SUSPENSION OR DENIAL IMMEDIATELY WITHOUT PROVIDING NOTICE TO THE DRIVER OF SUCH SUSPENSION OR DENIAL. UNDER SUCH CIRCUMSTANCES, THE POINTS SUSPENSION OR DENIAL SHALL RUN CONCURRENTLY WITH THE RELATED REVOCATION OR DENIAL; EXCEPT THAT IN NO CASE SHALL SUCH POINTS SUSPENSION OR DENIAL RUN FOR A PERIOD THAT IS LONGER THAN THE PERIOD OF THE RELATED REVOCATION OR DENIAL. IF THE DRIVER HAS BEEN REINSTATED FROM THE RELATED REVOCATION OR DENIAL WHEN THE POINTS SUSPENSION OR DENIAL IS IMPOSED, THE POINTS SUSPENSION OR DENIAL MAY BE ENTERED ON THE DRIVER'S RECORD; EXCEPT THAT NO ADDITIONAL PERIOD OF SUSPENSION OR DENIAL SHALL BE IMPOSED AND NO ADDITIONAL REINSTATEMENT FEES OR REQUIREMENTS SHALL BE ASSESSED. FOR ANY DRIVER'S LICENSE RESTRICTIONS IMPOSED PURSUANT TO THIS PARAGRAPH (b), A HEARING SHALL BE GRANTED ONLY IF THE DEPARTMENT RECEIVES A WRITTEN REQUEST FOR A HEARING FROM THE DRIVER.

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- SECTION 2. 42-2-205 (1) (a), Colorado Revised Statutes, 1984 Repl.
- Vol., is amended, and the said 42-2-205 is further amended BY THE ADDITION
- OF A NEW SUBSECTION, to read:
- 42-2-205. Prohibition. (1) No license to operate motor vehicles in this
- state shall be issued to an habitual offender, nor shall an habitual offender operate
- a motor vehicle in this state:
- (a) EXCEPT AS PROVIDED IN SUBSECTION (2) OF THIS SECTION, for a
- period of five years from the date of the order of the department finding such
- person to be an habitual offender; and

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- (2) (a) ANY REVOCATION ENTERED PURSUANT TO THE PROVISIONS OF
- REVOCATION IMPOSED PURSUANT TO SECTION 42-4-122 (1) (i) IF BOTH 12

SUBSECTION (1) OF THIS SECTION SHALL RUN CONCURRENTLY WITH ANY

- REVOCATIONS ARE FOUNDED UPON THE SAME THREE CONVICTIONS. 13
- (b) ANY REVOCATION IMPOSED PURSUANT TO THE PROVISIONS OF
- SUBSECTION (1) OF THIS SECTION SHALL RUN CONSECUTIVELY WITH ANY

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- REVOCATION IMPOSED PURSUANT TO SECTION 42-2-122.1 (1.5) (a) (II). 16
- SECTION 3. Effective date applicability. This act shall take effect

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- July 1, 1993, and shall apply to offenses committed on or after said date. 18
- SECTION 4. Safety clause. The general assembly hereby finds,

- determines, and declares that this act is necessary for the immediate preservation 20
- of the public peace, health, and safety. 21

LLS NO. 93-0089.02 DLC

SENATE BILL 23-

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BY SENATOR Cassidy; also REPRESENTATIVE Faatz.

#### A BILL FOR AN ACT

| 101 | Concerning making the violation of certain traffic laws an offense |
|-----|--|
| 102 | THAT IS TAKEN INTO ACCOUNT FOR PURPOSES OF THE STATE'S HABITUAL    |
| 103 | TRAFFIC OFFENDER STATUTE.  |

#### **Bill Summary**

(Note: This summary applies to this bill as introduced and does not necessarily reflect any amendments which may be subsequently adopted.)

Adds offenses for driving a motor vehicle in a reckless manner to those offenses that, for purposes of the habitual traffic offender statute, include convictions under certain laws and ordinances that conform to state motor vehicle statutes.

Amends a provision that currently provides that violations of certain "town or city ordinances" shall be taken into account for purposes of the habitual traffic offender statute, by providing instead that violations of certain "ordinances of a municipality" shall be taken into account, and defines "municipality" to include any home rule or statutory city or town, a territorial charter city, or a city and county.

- Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Colorado:
- SECTION 1. 42-2-202 (2) (b), Colorado Revised Statutes, 1984 Repl.
- 3 Vol., is amended to read:
  - 42-2-202. Habitual offenders frequency and type of violations.
- 5 (2) (b) The offenses included in subparagraphs (I), (III), and (V) SUBPARAGRAPHS
- (I), (II), (III), AND (IV) of paragraph (a) of this subsection (2) shall be deemed to

include convictions under any federal law, any law of another state, or any valid

SECTION 2. Effective date - applicability. This act shall take effect

July 1, 1993, and shall apply to offenses committed on or after said date.

SECTION 3. Safety clause. The general assembly hereby finds, determines, and declares that this act is necessary for the immediate preservation of the public peace, health, and safety.

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HOUSE BILL 93-

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BY REPRESENTATIVE Entz; also SENATOR Meiklejohn.

#### A BILL FOR AN ACT

CONCERNING THE SCHEDULING OF A DRIVER'S LICENSE REVOCATION HEARING

102 UNDER THE EXPRESS CONSENT LAW.

#### Bill Summary

(Note: This summary applies to this bill as introduced and does not necessarily reflect any amendments which may be subsequently adopted.)

Allows an express consent hearing to be scheduled beyond the 60-day limit when the hearing officer is unavailable because of medical reasons, a law enforcement emergency, another court or administrative hearing, or any other legitimate just cause. Provides that the 60 days begins running when the request for a hearing is received by the department of revenue, rather than on the day of "filing". Makes the address the respondent stated on the hearing request form the last known address of the respondent for purposes of notice for an express consent hearing. Relocates existing provisions within the express consent statute.

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Colorado:

SECTION 1. 42-2-122.1 (7) (e), (7) (f), and (8) (c) (II), Colorado Revised Statutes, 1984 Repl. Vol., as amended, are amended to read:

42-2-122.1. Revocation of license based on administrative determination. (7) (e) (I) The hearing shall be scheduled to be held as quickly as practicable but not more than sixty days after the day of the filing of THAT the request for a hearing is RECEIVED BY THE DEPARTMENT; unless such hearing is

resolveduled pursuant to subparagraph (II) of paragraph (o) of subsection (8) of this sention except that, if a hearing is rescheduled because of the UNAVAILABILITY OF A LAW ENFORCEMENT OFFICER OR THE HEARING OFFICER IN ACCORDANCE WITH SUBPARAGRAPHS (III) OR (IV) OF THIS PARAGRAPH (e), THE HEARING MAY BE RESCHEDULED MORE THAN SIXTY DAYS AFTER THE DAY THAT THE REQUEST FOR THE HEARING IS RECEIVED BY THE DEPARTMENT, AND THE DEPARTMENT SHALL CONTINUE ANY TEMPORARY DRIVING PRIVILEGES HELD BY THE RESPONDENT UNTIL THE DATE THAT SUCH HEARING IS RESCHEDULED. The department shall provide a written notice of the time and place of the hearing to the party requesting the hearing in the manner provided in section 42-2-117 (2) at least ten days prior to the scheduled or rescheduled hearing, unless the parties agree to waive this requirement. NOTWITHSTANDING THE PROVISIONS OF SECTION 42-2-117, THE LAST KNOWN ADDRESS OF THE RESPONDENT FOR PURPOSES OF NOTICE FOR ANY HEARING PURSUANT TO THIS SECTION SHALL BE THE ADDRESS STATED ON THE HEARING REQUEST FORM.

(II) THE LAW ENFORCEMENT OFFICER WHO SUBMITS THE DOCUMENTS

AND AFFIDAVIT REQUIRED BY SUBSECTION (2) OF THIS SECTION NEED NOT BE

PRESENT AT THE HEARING UNLESS THE PRESIDING HEARING OFFICER REQUIRES

THAT THE LAW ENFORCEMENT OFFICER BE PRESENT AND THE HEARING OFFICER

ISSUES A WRITTEN NOTICE FOR THE LAW ENFORCEMENT OFFICER'S APPEARANCE

OR UNLESS THE RESPONDENT OR ATTORNEY FOR THE RESPONDENT DETERMINES

THAT THE LAW ENFORCEMENT OFFICER SHOULD BE PRESENT AND SERVES A

TIMELY SUBPOENA UPON SUCH OFFICER AT LEAST FIVE DAYS BEFORE THE DAY OF

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THE HEARING. IF THE RESPONDENT NOTIFIES THE DEPARTMENT IN WRITING AT THE TIME THAT THE HEARING IS REQUESTED THAT THE RESPONDENT DESIRES THE LAW ENFORCEMENT OFFICER'S PRESENCE AT THE HEARING, THE DEPARTMENT SHALL ISSUE A WRITTEN NOTICE FOR THE OFFICER TO APPEAR AT THE HEARING.

APPEAR FROM EITHEN THE DEPARTMENT OR THE RESPONDENT, HAS A CONFLICT WITH ANY ORIGINAL OR RESCHEDULED HEARING DATE SET BY THE DEPARTMENT, THE OFFICER OR THE OFFICER'S SUPERVISOR MAY CONTACT THE DEPARTMENT AND RESCHEDULE THE HEARING TO A TIME WHEN THE OFFICER WILL BE AVAILABLE.

IF THE LAW ENFORCEMENT OFFICER CANNOT APPEAR AT ANY ORIGINAL OR RESCHEDULED HEARING BECAUSE OF MEDICAL REASONS, A LAW ENFORCEMENT EMERGENCY, ANOTHER COURT OR ADMINISTRATIVE HEARING, OR ANY OTHER LEGITIMATE JUST CAUSE AS DETERMINED BY THE DEPARTMENT AND THE OFFICER'S SUPERVISOR GIVES NOTICE OF SUCH OFFICER'S INABILITY TO APPEAR TO THE DEPARTMENT PRIOR TO THE DISMISSAL OF THE REVOCATION PROCEEDING, THE DEPARTMENT SHALL RESCHEDULE THE HEARING FOLLOWING CONSULTATION WITH THE OFFICER OR THE OFFICER'S SUPERVISOR AT THE EARLIEST POSSIBLE TIME WHEN THE OFFICER AND THE HEARING OFFICER WILL BE

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(IV) IF A HEARING OFFICER CANNOT APPEAR AT ANY ORIGINAL OR RESCHEDULED HEARING BECAUSE OF MEDICAL REASONS, A LAW ENFORCEMENT EMERGENCY, ANOTHER COURT OR ADMINISTRATIVE HEARING, OR ANY OTHER LEGITIMATE JUST CAUSE, SUCH REARING OFFICER OR THE DEPARTMENT MAXY

RESCHEDULE THE HEARING AT THE EARLIEST POSSIBLE TIME WHEN THE LAW ENFORCEMENT OFFICER AND THE HEARING OFFICER WILL BE AVAILABLE.

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(V) AT THE TIME THAT A RESPONDENT REQUESTS A HEARING, WRITTEN NOTICE SHALL BE GIVEN TO THE RESPONDENT ADVISING SUCH RESPONDENT OF THE RIGHT TO SUBPOENA THE LAW ENFORCEMENT OFFICER FOR THE HEARING, THAT SUCH SUBPOENA MUST BE SERVED UPON THE OFFICER AT LEAST FIVE DAYS BEFORE THE DAY OF THE HEARING, AND OF THE RESPONDENT'S RIGHT, AT THE THAT THE RESPONDENT REQUESTS THE HEARING, TO NOTIFY THE DEPARTMENT IN WRITING THAT THE RESPONDENT DESIRES THE OFFICER'S PRESENCE AT THE HEARING, AND THAT, UPON SUCH NOTIFICATION, THE DEPARTMENT SHALL ISSUE A WRITTEN NOTICE FOR THE OFFICER TO APPEAR AT THE HEARING. THE WRITTEN NOTICE SHALL ALSO STATE THAT, IF THE LAW ENFORCEMENT OFFICER DOES NOT APPEAR AT THE HEARING, DOCUMENTS AND AN AFFIDAVIT PREPARED AND SUBMITTED BY THE LAW ENFORCEMENT OFFICER WILL BE USED AT THE HEARING.

THE WRITTEN NOTICE SHALL FURTHER STATE THAT THE AFFIDAVIT AND DOCUMENTS SUBMITTED BY THE LAW ENFORCEMENT OFFICER MAY BE REVIEWED BY THE RESPONDENT PRIOR TO THE HEARING.

shall review the matter and make a final determination on the basis of the documents and affidavit submitted to the department pursuant to subsections (1.5) and (2) of this section. Except as provided in subparagraph (II) of paragraph (o) of subsection (8) of this section PARAGRAPH (e) OF THIS SUBSECTION (7), the law enforcement officer who submitted the affidavit required by subsection (2) of this

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AVAILABLE.

section need not be present at the hearing. The department shall consider all other relevant evidence at the hearing, including the testimony of law enforcement officers and the reports of such officers which are submitted to the department. The reports of law enforcement officers shall not be required to be made under oath, but such reports shall identify the officers making the reports. The department may consider evidence contained in affidavits from persons other than the respondent, so long as such affidavits include the affiant's home or work address and phone number and are dated, signed, and sworn to by the affiant under penalty of perjury. The affidavit need not be notarized or sworn to before any other person. The respondent must present his evidence in person.

(8) (c) (II) The law enforcement officer who submits the documents and affidavit required by subcostion (2) of this coston need not be present at the hearing unless the presiding hearing officer requires that the law enforcement officer be present and the hearing officer requires a written notice for his appearance or unless the respondent or atterney for the respondent determines that the law enforcement officer at least five days before the day of the hearing. If the respondent notifies the department in writing at the time that the hearing is requested that the respondent desires the law enforcement officer a presence at the hearing. If the officer, after receiving a notice or subposes to appear from either the department or the respondent, has a conflict with any original or resolucituded hearing, the department or the respondent, has a conflict with any original or resolucituded hearing.

if the law enforcement officer cannot appear at any original or rescheduled hearing department and reschedule the hearing to a time when the officer will be available. department and the officer or his supervisor gives notice of his inability to appear department shall reschedule the hearing following consultation with the officer of his supervisor at the earliest possible time when the officer and the hearing officer that a respondent requests a hearing, written notice shall be given to the respondent ment officer and the hearing officer will be evailable. Notwithstanding held by the respondent until the date that such hearing is rescheduled. At the time of the hearing, and of his right, at the time that he requests the hearing, to notify the department in writing that he desires the officer's presence at the hearing, and for the hearing, and the department shall continue any temporary driving privileges advising him of his right to subpoens the law enforcement officer for the hearing. <del>hat such subpoons must be served upon the officer at least five days before the day</del> the hearing may be rescheduled more than sixty days after the filing of the reques hearing is recelected because of the unavailability of a law enforcement officer administrative hearing, or any other legitimate just <del>vill be available. If a hearing officer cann</del>ot 2 9 1 12 13 14 15 16 17 28 19 ន 22 ย 21

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| that, upon such notification, the department shall issue a written notice for the      |
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| officer to appear at the hearing. The written notice shall also state that, if the law |
| enforcement officer does not appear at the hearing, documents and an affidavit         |
| prepared and submitted by the law enforcement officer will be used at the hearing.     |
| The written notice shall further state that the affidavit and documents submitted by   |
| the law enforcement officer may be reviewed by the respondent prior to the             |
| hearing.   |
| SECTION 2. Safety clause. The general assembly hereby finds,                           |
| determines, and declares that this act is necessary for the immediate preservation     |
| of the public peace, health, and safety.   |

| SECTION 2. Safety clause. The general assembly hereby finds, | determines, and declares that this act is necessary for the immediate preservation | of the public peace, health, and safety. |                   |   |  |   |              |  |  |   |  |  |   |  |   |  |  |
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| LLS NO. 93-0116.01 MCV                                       | Highway Legislation Review Committee   |  | A BILL FOR AN ACT | CONCERNING AN EXTENSION OF THE DEADLINE FOR PRESENTATION OF THE | HIGHWAY LEGISLATION REVIEW COMMITTEE'S FINAL REPORT ON ITS | RECOMMENDATIONS FOR LEGISLATION CONCERNING THE TRAFFIC LAW. | Bill Summary | (Note: This summary applies to this bill as introduced and does not necessarily reflect any amendments which may be subsequently adopted.) | Extends the deadline for presentation of the final report of the highway legislation review committee on its recommendations for legislation concerning the traffic law from January 1, 1993, to January 1, 1994. Changes the repeal date for the provisions concerning the highway legislation review committee's study of revisions to the traffic law from July 1, 1993, to July 1, 1994. | Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Colorado: | SECTION 1. 43-2-145.5 (4) and (6), Colorado Revised Statutes, 1984 | Repla Vol., as amended, are amended to read: | 43-2-145.5. Highway legislation review committee - study of revisions | to the traffic law - compulsory insurance. (4) The committee shall present its | final report to the general assembly on its recommendations for legislation | concerning the traffic law on or before January 1, 1993 JANUARY 1, 1994. | (6) This section is repealed, effective July 1, 1992 JULY 1, 1994. |
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HOUSE BILL 93-

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BY REPRESENTATIVE Faatz; also SENATOR Cassidy.

#### A BILL FOR AN ACT

101

CONCERNING THE RECLASSIFICATION OF CERTAIN TRAFFIC OFFENSES AS TRAFFIC

102 INFRACTIONS.

#### **Bill Summary**

(Note: This summary applies to this bill as introduced and does not necessarily reflect any amendments which may be subsequently adopted.)

Makes all careless driving violations, other than those resulting in \$1000 damage or more to another's property or in the accidental death of or injury to another, class A traffic infractions. (Section 1.)

Reclassifies a misdemeanor traffic offense involving a hazardous materials transportation permit to a class B traffic infraction and a violation of the provisions on the use of noncommercial or recreational vehicles for cargo or passenger transport from a class 1 misdemeanor to a class B traffic infraction. (Sections 2 and 5.)

Changes class 2 misdemeanor traffic offenses concerning vehicle registration, width, loads, height and length, trailers and towed vehicles, highway use restrictions, liability for highway damage, and interference with official devices to class B traffic infractions. (Sections 6 through 14.) Makes other class 2 misdemeanor traffic offenses class A traffic infractions that involve emergency vehicles, railroad crossings, yielding to handicapped persons, following too closely, runaway vehicle ramps, air pollution control systems, and persons controlling vehicles. (Sections 15 through 21.) Reclassifies certain violations involving the use of lights or signals by volunteer firemen and volunteer ambulance attendants from a class 3 misdemeanor to a class B traffic infraction. (Section 22.)

Changes the class 2 petty offense involving handicapped parking privileges to a class B traffic infraction. (Section 23.)

Adds certain of these reclassified violations to the penalties and surcharge schedule.

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Colorado:

SECTION 1. 42-4-1204 (2), Colorado Revised Statutes, 1984 Repl.

Vol., as amended, is amended, and the said 42-4-1204 is further amended BY THE

ADDITION OF A NEW SUBSECTION, to read:

42-4-1204. Careless driving - penalty. (2) Any person who violates any provision of this section commits a class 2 misdemeanor traffic offense IF THE PERSON'S ACTIONS ARE THE PROXIMATE CAUSE OF DAMAGE TO THE REAL OR PERSONAL PROPERTY OF ANOTHER IN THE AMOUNT OF ONE THOUSAND DOLLARS OR MORE, but, if the person's actions are the proximate cause of bodily injury or death to another, such person commits a class 1 misdemeanor traffic offense.

(3) EXCEPT AS PROVIDED IN SUBSECTION (2) OF THIS SECTION, ANY PERSON WHO VIOLATES ANY PROVISION OF THIS SECTION COMMITS A CLASS A TRAFFIC INFRACTION.

SECTION 2. 43-6-204 (2), Colorado Revised Statutes, 1984 Repl. Vol., as amended, is amended to read:

43-6-204. Permit violations - penalties. (2) Any person who has obtained an annual or a single trip hazardous materials transportation permit but fails to have a copy of said permit in the cab of the motor vehicle while transporting hazardous materials in, to, from, or through this state commits a misdemeanor traffic offense CLASS B TRAFFIC INFRACTION and shall be assessed a penalty of twenty-five dollars in accordance with the procedure set forth in section 43-6-105-(2) 42-4-1501 (3) (a) (V).

SECTION 3. 43-6-105 (2), Colorado Revised Statutes, 1984 Repl. Vol., as amended is amended to read:

| 43-0-105. Enforcement. (2) Any enforcement official snall have the                    |
|---|
| authority to issue penalty assessments for the misdemeanor traffic offenses specified |
| in section 43-6-204 (1) and (2) and section 43-6-305 (2). At any time that a person   |
| is cited for a violation of any of the offenses specified, the person in charge of or |
| operating the motor vehicle involved shall be given a notice in the form of a         |
| penalty assessment notice. Such notice shall be tendered by the enforcement           |
| official and shall contain the name and address of such person, the license number    |
| of the motor vehicle involved, if any, the number of such person's driver's license,  |
| the nature of the violation, the amount of the penalty prescribed for such violation, |
| the date of the notice, a place for such person to execute a signed acknowledgment    |
| of his receipt of the penalty assessment notice, a place for such person to execute   |
| a signed acknowledgment of guilt for the cited violation, and such other              |
| information as may be required by law to constitute such notice as a summons and      |
| complaint to appear in court should the prescribed penalty not be paid within         |
| twenty days. Every cited person shall execute the signed acknowledgment of his        |
| receipt of the penalty assessment notice. The acknowledgment of guilt shall be        |
| executed at the time the cited person pays the prescribed penalty. The person cited   |
| shall pay the specified penalty at the office of the department of revenue, either in |
| person or by postmarking such payment within twenty days after the citation. The      |
| motor vehicle division of the department of revenue shall accept late payment of      |
| any penalty assessment up to twenty days after such payment becomes due. If the       |
| person cited does not pay the prescribed penalty within twenty days of the notice,    |
| the penalty assessment notice shall constitute a summons and complaint to appear      |

in the county court of the county in which the penalty assessment was issued at a time and place specified by the notice, unless payment for such penalty assessment has been accepted by the motor vehicle division of the department of revenue as evidenced by receipt.

SECTION 4. 42-4-1501 (3) (a), Colorado Revised Statutes, 1984 Repl.

Vol., as amended, is amended BY THE ADDITION OF A NEW

SUBPARAGRAPH to read:

42-4-1501. Traffic offenses and infractions classified - penalties - penalty and surcharge schedule. (3) (a) (V) ANY PERSON CONVICTED OF VIOLATING SECTION 43-6-204 (2), C.R.S., SHALL BE FINED TWENTY-FIVE DOLLARS, WHETHER THE VIOLATOR ACKNOWLEDGES GUILT PURSUANT TO THE PROCEDURE SET FORTH IN PARAGRAPH (a) OF SUBSECTION (4) OF THIS SECTION OR IS FOUND GUILTY BY A COURT OF COMPETENT JURISDICTION.

SECTION 5. 42-3-122 (2) (c), Colorado Revised Statutes, 1984 Repl. Vol., as amended, is amended to read:

42-3-122. Violation of registration provisions - penalty. (2) (c) Any person who violates paragraph (f) of subsection (1) of this section commits a class 1 misdemeanor traffic offense CLASS B TRAFFIC INFRACTION. In addition to the penalties prescribed for a violation of paragraph (f) of subsection (1) of this section, the department shall cancel the registration of any noncommercial or recreational vehicle which has been used to transport cargo or passengers for profit or hire or in any business or commercial enterprise.

SECTION 6. 42-3-114 (1) (a), Colorado Revised Statutes, 1984 Repl.

| -        | Vol. or account of the comment of th | ť                                       | THE RESERVE OF THE PROPERTY OF STREET   |
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| <b>-</b> | Vol., as amended, is amended to read:  | n (                                     | SECTION 9. 42-4-404 (/), Colorado Revised Statutes, 1984 Repl. Vol.                 |
| 7        | 42-3-114. Expiration - temporary, new, and old plates - reflectorized  | Ci                                      | as amended, is amended to read:   |
| 3        | plates. (1) (2) Every vehicle registration under this article shall expire on the last   | m                                       | 42-4-404. Height and length of vehicles. (7) Any person who violate                 |
| 4        | day of the month at the end of each twelve-month registration period and shall be  | 4                                       | any prevision of this section commits a class-2 misdemeanor traffic offense CLAS    |
| 8        | renewed, upon application by the owner, the payment of the fees required by law,   | 8                                       | B TRAFFIC INFRACTION.   |
| 9        | and in accordance with section 42-3-111 (2.5), not later than thirty days after the  | 9                                       | SECTION 10. 42-4-404.5, Colorado Revised Statutes, 1984 Repl. Vol.                  |
| 7        | date of expiration. No license plates other than those of the registration period to   | 7                                       | as amended, is amended BY THE ADDITION OF A NEW SUBSECTION to read                  |
| ••       | which they pertain shall be displayed on a motor vehicle operated on the highways  | •                                       | 42-4-404.5. Longer vehicle combinations. (5) ANY PERSON WHO                         |
| 0        | of Colorado. Any person who violates any provision of this paragraph (a), commits  | 6                                       | VIOLATES ANY PROVISION OF THIS SECTION COMMITS A CLASS B INFRACTION.                |
| 10       | a chass 2 misdemeanor traffic effense class B traffic infraction.  | 10                                      | SECTION 11. 42-4-405 (4), Colorado Revised Statutes, 1984 Repl                      |
| 11       | SECTION 7. 42-4-402 (6), Colorado Revised Statutes, 1984 Repl. Vol.,   | ======================================= | Vol., as amended, is amended to read:   |
| 12       | as amended, is amended to read:  | 12                                      | 42-4-405. Trailers and towed vehicles. (4) Any person who violate                   |
| 13       | 42-4-402. Width of vehicles. (6) Any person who violates any   | 13                                      | any provision of this section commits a class-2 misdemeanor traffic offense CLAS    |
| 4        | provision of this section commits a class 2 misdemeanor traffic offense CLASS B  | 14                                      | B TRAFFIC INFRACTION.   |
| 15       | TRAFFIC INFRACTION.  | 15                                      | SECTION 12. 42-4-410 (8), Colorado Revised Statutes, 1984 Repl                      |
| 16       | SECTION 8. 42-4-403, Colorado Revised Statutes, 1984 Repl. Vol., as  | 16                                      | Vol., as amended, is amended to read:   |
| 17       | amended, is amended to read:   | 17                                      | 42-4410. Who may restrict right to use highways. (8) Any person                     |
| 18       | 42-4-403. Projecting loads on passenger vehicles. No passenger-type  | 18                                      | who violates any provision of this section commits a class 2 misdemeanor traffic    |
| 19       | vehicle, except a bicycle, shall be operated on any highway with any load carried  | 19                                      | offense class B traffic infraction.   |
| 20       | thereon extending beyond the line of the fenders on the left side of such vehicle nor  | 20                                      | SECTION 13. 42-4-411 (3), Colorado Revised Statutes, 1984 Repl                      |
| 21       | extending more than six inches beyond the line of the fenders on the right side  | 21                                      | Vol., as amended, is amended to read:   |
| 22       | thereof. Any person who violates any provision of this section commits a chast 2   | 22                                      | 42-4-411. Liability for damage to highway. (3) Any person who                       |
| 23       | misdemeanor traffic offense CLASS B TRAFFIC INFRACTION.  | 23                                      | violates any provision of this section commits a class 2 misdemeanor traffic offens |
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INFRACTION.

| 1  | CLASS B TRAFFIC INFRACTION.   | 1  |
|----|---|----|
| 2  | SECTION 14. 42-4-508, Colorado Revised Statutes, 1984 Repl. Vol.,                       | 2  |
| 3  | as amended, is amended to read:   | 3  |
| 4  | 42-4-508. Interference with official devices. No person shall, without                  | 4  |
| 5  | lawful authority, attempt to or in fact alter, deface, injure, knock down, remove,      | 5  |
| 6  | or interfere with the effective operation of any official traffic control device or any | 6  |
| 7  | railroad sign or signal or any inscription, shield, or insignia thereon or any other    | 7  |
| 8  | part thereof. Any person who violates any provision of this section commits a           | 8  |
| 9  | elase 2 misdemeaner traffic offense CLASS B TRAFFIC INFRACTION.                         | 9  |
| 10 | SECTION 15. 42-4-605, Colorado Revised Statutes, 1984 Repl. Vol.,                       | 10 |
| 11 | as amended, is amended to read:   | 11 |
| 12 | 42-4-605. Operation on approach of emergency vehicles. Upon the                         | 12 |
| 13 | immediate approach of an authorized emergency vehicle making use of audible or          | 13 |
| 14 | visual signals meeting the requirements of section 42-4-212 or 42-4-219, the driver     | 14 |
| 15 | of every other vehicle shall yield the right-of-way and where possible shall            | 15 |
| 16 | immediately clear the farthest left-hand lane lawfully available to through traffic     | 16 |
| 17 | and shall drive to a position parallel to, and as close as possible to, the right-hand  | 17 |
| 18 | edge, or curb of a roadway clear of any intersection and shall stop and remain in       | 18 |
| 19 | that position until the authorized emergency vehicle has passed, except when            | 19 |
| 20 | otherwise directed by a police officer. Any person who violates any provision of        | 20 |

this section commits a class 2 misdemeanor traffic offense CLASS A TRAFFIC

SECTION 16. 42-4-608 (6), Colorado Revised Statutes, 1984 Repl.

42-4-608. Certain vehicles must stop at railroad grade crossings. (6) Any person who violates any provision of this section commits a class 2 misdemeanor traffic offense CLASS A TRAFFIC INFRACTION. SECTION 17. 42-4-709 (1), Colorado Revised Statutes, 1984 Repl. Vol., as amended, is amended to read: 42-4-709. Drivers and pedestrians to yield to handicapped person. (1) Any pedestrian or any driver of a vehicle who approaches a person who has an obviously apparent handicap of blindness, deafness, or mobility impairment shall immediately come to a full stop and take such precautions before proceeding as are necessary to avoid an accident or injury to said person. A handicap shall be deemed to be obviously apparent if, by way of example and without limitation, the person is using a cane or crutches, is assisted by a guide dog, service dog, or hearing dog, is being assisted by another person, is in a wheelchair, or is walking with an obvious physical impairment. Any person who violates any provision of this section commits a class-2 misdemeanor traffic offense CLASS A TRAFFIC INFRACTION. SECTION 18. 42-4-908 (4), Colorado Revised Statutes, 1984 Repl. Vol., as amended, is amended to read: 42-4-908. Following too closely. (4) Any person who violates any 21 provision of subsection (1) of this section commits a class 2 misdemeanor traffic 32 offense, and any person who violates any provision of subsection (2) or (3) of this 23 section commits a class A traffic infraction.

Vol., as amended, is amended to read:

| 1 , | SECTION 19. 42-4-933 (3), Colorado Revised Statutes, 1984 Repl.                   |
|-----|---|
| 2   | Vol., as amended, is amended to read:   |
| 3   | 42-4-911. Use of runaway vehicle ramps. (3) Any person who violates               |
| 4   | any provision of this section commits a class 2 misdemeanor traffic offense CLASS |
| 5   | A TRAFFIC INFRACTION.   |
| 6   | SECTION 20. 42-4-1210 (3), Colorado Revised Statutes, 1984 Repl.                  |
| 7   | Vol., as amended, is amended to read:   |
| 8   | 42-4-1210. Automobile air pollution control systems - tampering -                 |
| 9   | operation of vehicle - penalty. (3) Any person who violates any provision of this |
| 10  | section commits a class 2 misdemeanor-traffic offense CLASS A TRAFFIC             |
| 11  | INFRACTION. The department shall not assess any points under section 42-2-123     |
| 12  | for a conviction pursuant to this section.  |
| 13  | SECTION 21. 42-4-1503, Colorado Revised Statutes, 1984 Repl. Vol.,                |
| 14  | as amended, is amended to read:   |
| 15  | 42-4-1503. Offenses by persons controlling vehicles. It is unlawful for           |
| 16  | the owner or any other person employing or otherwise directing the driver of any  |
| 17  | vehicle to require or knowingly to permit the operation of such vehicle upon a    |
| 18  | highway in any manner contrary to law. Any person who violates any provision      |
| 19  | of this section commits a class 2-misdemeanor traffic offense CLASS A TRAFFIC     |
| 20  | INFRACTION.   |
| 21  | SECTION 22. 42-4-219 (1) and (2) (d), Colorado Revised Statutes,                  |
| 22  | 1984 Repl. Vol., as amended, are amended to read:                                 |

42-4-219. Volunteer firemen - volunteer ambulance attendants -

special lights and alarm systems. (1) All members of volunteer fire departments regularly attached to the fire departments organized within incorporated towns and cities and fire protection districts may have their private automobiles identified by red lights installed, two in number, in the front portion of said automobiles so that they can be readily seen by the public. Such lights may have a red glass lens with the word "Fire" across the face, and said word "Fire" shall be cast into the glass: or said automobiles may be equipped with a signal lamp or a combination of signal lamps capable of displaying flashing, oscillating, or rotating red or white lights, or a combination thereof, visible to the front and rear at five hundred feet in normal sunlight. Such signal lamp or combination of signal lamps may be mounted on the top of the automobile. Said automobiles may be equipped with audible signal systems such as sirens, whistles, or bells. Said lights, together with any signal systems authorized by this subsection (1), may be used only when a member of any such department is responding to or attending a fire alarm or other emergency. Neither such lights nor such signals shall be used for any other purpose than those set forth in this subsection (1). If used for any other purpose, such use shall constitute a violation of this subsection (1), and the violator commits a elass-3 misdomeanor and shall be punished as provided in section 18-1-106, C.R.S. CLASS B TRAFFIC INFRACTION. (2) (d) The lights and signals shall not be used for any other purpose

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than the one set forth in this subsection (2). If used for any other purpose, the violator is guilty of a class 3 misdemeaner and, upon conviction thereof, shall be punished as provided in section 18 1 106. C.R.S. COMMITS A CLASS B TRAFFIC

liability for, or against whom a judgment is entered for a violation of any provision

| 1  | INFRACTION.   | 1  | of this title to which the pro | ovisions of paragr              | aph (a) or (b) of subse    | ection (4) of this |
|----|---|----|--------------------------------|---------------------------------|----------------------------|--------------------|
| 2  | SECTION 23. 42-4-1109 (4) and (5), Colorado Revised Statutes, 1984                    | 2  | section apply shall be fine    | ed or penalized, a              | and have a surcharge       | levied thereon     |
| 3  | Repl. Vol., as amended, are amended to read:  | 3  | pursuant to section 24-4.2-    | -104 (1) (b) (I), C             | R.S., in accordance v      | with the penalty   |
| 4  | 42-4-1109. Parking privileges for the handicapped. (4) Any person                     | 4  | and surcharge schedule         | set forth in sub-               | -subparagraphs (A)         | to (P) of this     |
| 5  | who is not a handicapped person and who exercises the privilege defined in            | 5  | subparagraph (I.1); or, if r   | no penalty or surch             | narge is specified in th   | e schedule, the    |
| 6  | subsection (3) of this section or who violates the provisions of subsection (3.7) of  | 6  | penalty for a class A traffi   | c infraction shall l            | pe ten dollars, the per    | nalty for a class  |
| 7  | this section is guilty of a class 2 petty offense and, upon conviction thereof, shall | 7  | B traffic infraction shall b   | oe five dollars, as             | nd the surcharge shal      | l be calculated    |
| 8  | be punished by a fine of fifty dollars COMMITS A CLASS B TRAFFIC INFRACTION.          | 8  | pursuant to section 24-4.2-    | 104 (1) (b) (I), C.             | R.S. These penalties       | and surcharges     |
| 9  | The penalty assessment procedure of section 16-2-201, C.R.S., is available for the    | 9  | shall apply whether the def    | endant acknowled                | ges his guilt or liability | y in accordance    |
| 10 | payment of the fine imposed by this section.  | 10 | with the procedure set fort    | h by paragraph (a               | ) of subsection (4) of     | this section or    |
| 11 | (5) Any person who is not a handicapped person and who uses a license                 | 11 | is found guilty by a court o   | f co <del>mpetent</del> jurisdi | ction or has judgment      | entered against    |
| 12 | plate or placard issued to a handicapped person pursuant to subsection (2) of this    | 12 | him by a county court mag      | gistrate. Penalties             | and surcharges for vi      | olating specific   |
| 13 | section in order to receive the benefits or privileges available to a handicapped     | 13 | sections shall be as follows   | 3:                              |                            |                    |
| 14 | person under this section is guilty of a class 2 petty offense and, upon conviction   |    |                                |                                 |                            |                    |
| 15 | thereof, shall be punished by a fine of up to fifty dollars COMMITS A CLASS B         | 14 | Section Violated               | Penalty                         | Surcharge                  |                    |
| 16 | TRAFFIC INFRACTION.   |    |                                |                                 |                            |                    |
| 17 | <b>SECTION 24.</b> 42-4-1501 (3) (a) (I.1) (B), (3) (a) (I.1) (D), (3) (a) (I.1)      | 15 | (B) Registration               | and taxation vic                | lations:                   |                    |
| 18 | (F), (3) (a) (I.1) (I), (3) (a) (I.1) (M), and (3) (a) (I.1) (N), Colorado Revised    |    |                                |                                 |                            |                    |
| 19 | Statutes, 1984 Repl. Vol., as amended, are amended to read:                           | 16 | 42-3-102                       | \$ 40.00                        | \$ 3.00                    |                    |
| 20 | 42-4-1501. Traffic offenses and infractions classified - penalties -                  | 17 | 42-3-113                       | 10.00                           | 3.00                       |                    |
| 21 | penalty and surcharge schedule. (3) (a) (I.1) Except as provided in paragraph         | 18 | 42-3-116                       | 50.00                           | 3.00                       |                    |
| 22 | (c) of subsection (4) of this section, every person who is convicted of, who admits   | 19 | 42-3-122 (1)(a)                | 150.00                          | 56.00                      |                    |

42-3-122 (1)(c)

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25.00

3.00

HLAC BILL

(M) Parking violations:

| 42-4-1101                       | 1  | \$ 2.00 | \$ 75.00    | 42-4-402          | 1  |
|---------------------------------|----|---------|-------------|-------------------|----|
| 42-4-1102                       | 2  | 2.00    | 20.00       | 42-4-403          | 2  |
| 42-4-1104                       | 3  | 2.00    | 75.00       | 42 <b>-4-40</b> 4 | 3  |
| <b>42-4-</b> 11 <b>05</b>       | 4  | 1.00    | 15.00       | 42-4-405          | 4  |
| 42-4-1106                       | 5  | 2.00    | 75.00       | 42-4-404.5        | 5  |
| 42-4-1107                       | 6  | 7.00    | 50.00       | 42-4-408          | 6  |
| 42-4-1109 (4) OR (5)            | 7  | 3.00    | 35.00       | 42-4-409 (12) (a) | 7  |
|                                 |    | 3.00    | 20.00       | 42-4-410          | 8  |
| (N) Other offenses              | 8  | 2.00    | 85.00       | 42-4-411          | 9  |
|                                 |    |         |             |                   |    |
| 42-4-1204 (3)                   | 9  |         | violations: | (I) Pedestrian    | 10 |
| 42-4-1205                       | 10 |         |             |                   |    |
| 42-4-1206                       | 11 | \$ 1.00 | \$ 20.00    | 42-4-701          | 11 |
| 42-4-1207                       | 12 | 2.00    | 20.00       | 42-4-702          | 12 |
| 42-4-1208                       | 13 | 1.00    | 10.00       | 42-4-703          | 13 |
| 42-4-1210                       | 14 | 1.00    | 10.00       | 42-4-704          | 14 |
| 42-4-1212                       | 15 | 1.00    | 10.00       | 42-4-705          | 15 |
| SECTION 25. Effe                | 16 | 3.00    | 20.00       | 42-4-706          | 16 |
| , and shall apply               | 17 | 3.00    | 20.00       | 42-4-707          | 17 |
| SECTION 26. Sa                  | 18 | 3.00    | 35.00       | 42-4-709          | 18 |
| determines, and declares that   | 19 |         |             |                   |    |
| of the public peace, health, ar | 20 |         |             |                   |    |
|                                 |    |         |             |                   |    |

15.00 1.00 10.00 1.00 10.00 1.00 10.00 1.00 15.00 3.00 50.00 0.00 es: \$ 50.00 \$ 7.00 15.00 3.00 15,00 3.00 40.00 2.00 40.00 1.00 35.00 3.00 15.00 3.00 Sective date - applicability. This act shall take effect ly to traffic infractions committed on or after said date. Safety clause. The general assembly hereby finds, at this act is necessary for the immediate preservation and safety.

\$ 15.00

\$ 1.00